



US009137833B2

(12) **United States Patent**
Naoe et al.

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 9,137,833 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Sep. 15, 2015**

(54) **MOBILE COMMUNICATION SYSTEM**

USPC 370/225, 328, 338, 400, 329; 445/436;
380/278; 455/436

(75) Inventors: **Hirokazu Naoe**, Osaka (JP); **Masafumi Aramoto**, Osaka (JP)

See application file for complete search history.

(73) Assignee: **SHARP KABUSHIKI KAISHA**, Osaka (JP)

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

6,763,012 B1 * 7/2004 Lord et al. 370/338
8,566,455 B1 * 10/2013 Zhao et al. 709/227

(Continued)

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

JP 2004-507905 A 3/2004
JP 2006-261902 A 9/2006

(Continued)

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

3GPP, "Technical Specification Group Core Network; Packet Domain; Mobile Station (MS) supporting Packet Switched Services (Release 8)", 3GPP TS 27.060 V8.0.0 (Dec. 2008), pp. 1-33.

(Continued)

(21) Appl. No.: **13/259,071**

(22) PCT Filed: **Mar. 26, 2010**

(86) PCT No.: **PCT/JP2010/002185**

§ 371 (c)(1),
(2), (4) Date: **Sep. 22, 2011**

(87) PCT Pub. No.: **WO2010/109902**

PCT Pub. Date: **Sep. 30, 2010**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2012/0020318 A1 Jan. 26, 2012

(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Mar. 27, 2009 (JP) P2009-079962

(51) **Int. Cl.**
H04W 72/04 (2009.01)
H04W 76/02 (2009.01)

(Continued)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **H04W 76/022** (2013.01); **H04W 8/26**
(2013.01); **H04W 40/24** (2013.01); **H04W 84/18**
(2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
CPC H04W 76/022; H04W 8/26; H04W 84/18;
H04W 40/24

Primary Examiner — Kwang B Yao

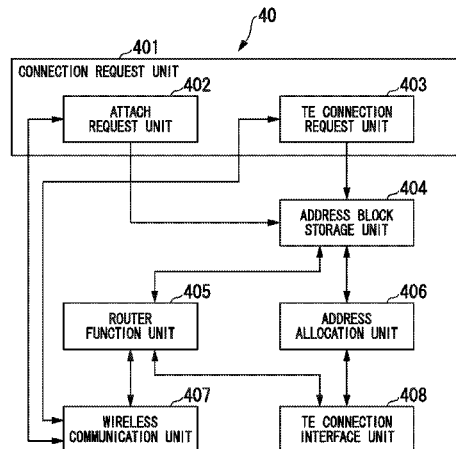
Assistant Examiner — Syed M Bokhari

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Birch, Stewart, Kolasch & Birch, LLP

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A core network includes a PDN connection holding unit that associates and stores information regarding PDN connection with information indicating an address block configured as a set of a plurality of addresses identifying a plurality of the information terminal devices. Therefore, it is possible to suppress an increase in the processing load and a limitation of providable services, even in the case in which an ad-hoc network is formed between a mobile terminal device and a plurality of terminal equipments and a PDN connection is made by the terminal equipments using the mobile terminal device as an MT.

14 Claims, 17 Drawing Sheets



(51) **Int. Cl.**

H04W 8/26 (2009.01)
H04W 40/24 (2009.01)
H04W 84/18 (2009.01)

(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

2002/0145993	A1 *	10/2002	Chowdhury et al.	370/338
2002/0172207	A1 *	11/2002	Saito et al.	370/400
2003/0081578	A1 *	5/2003	White et al.	370/338
2004/0184465	A1	9/2004	Lee et al.	
2006/0171387	A1	8/2006	Kang et al.	
2006/0239266	A1	10/2006	Babbar et al.	
2007/0186100	A1	8/2007	Wakameda	
2007/0249349	A1 *	10/2007	Park	455/436
2007/0291670	A1	12/2007	Pettersson et al.	
2010/0008507	A1 *	1/2010	Galante et al.	380/278
2010/0122824	A1 *	5/2010	Aamodt	169/16
2010/0199332	A1	8/2010	Bachmann et al.	
2011/0122824	A1 *	5/2011	Muhanna et al.	370/328
2013/0010645	A1 *	1/2013	Yu	370/255

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

JP 2006-520548 A 9/2006

JP	2007-208855	A	8/2007
JP	2008-511222	A	4/2008
JP	2008-538690	A	10/2008
JP	2010-530680	A	9/2010
KR	10-2004-0069878	A	8/2004
WO	WO 00/76249	A1	12/2000
WO	WO 03/075517	A2	9/2003
WO	WO 2004/084492	A1	9/2004
WO	WO 2006/116190	A2	11/2006
WO	WO 2008/155066	A2	12/2008

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

3GPP, "Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) enhancements for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN) access (Release 8)", 3GPP TS 23.401 V8.5.0 (Mar. 2009), pp. 1-222.
 International Search Report, dated Jun. 29, 2010 in PCT/JP2010/002185.
 W. Choi, et al., "Designing a Novel Unlicensed Nomadic Access Relay Station in IEEE 802.16-based Wireless Access Networks", IEEE VTS Vehicular Technology Conference Proceedings, IEEE, US, Apr. 1, 2007, pp. 2961-2965.

* cited by examiner

FIG. 1

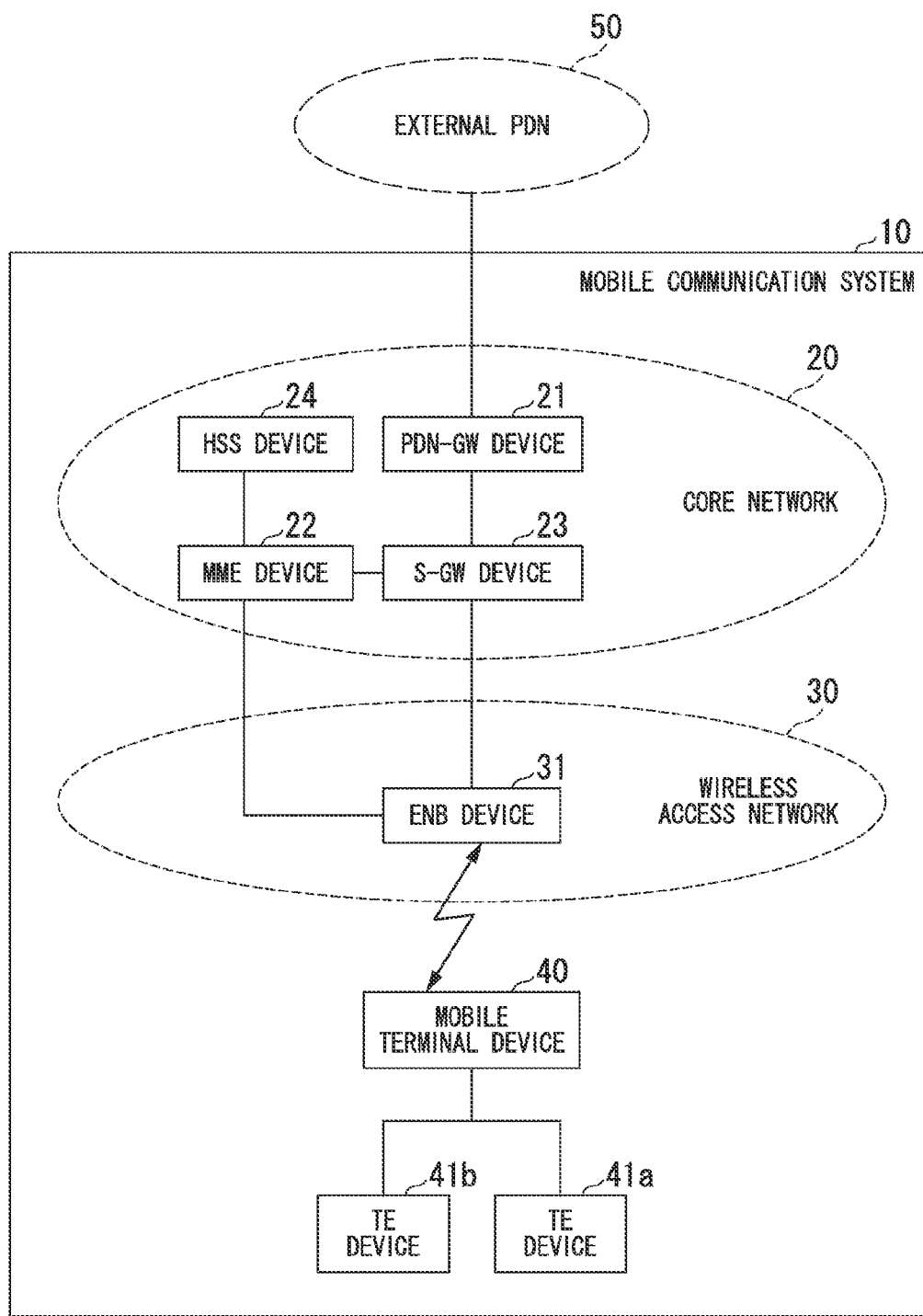


FIG. 2

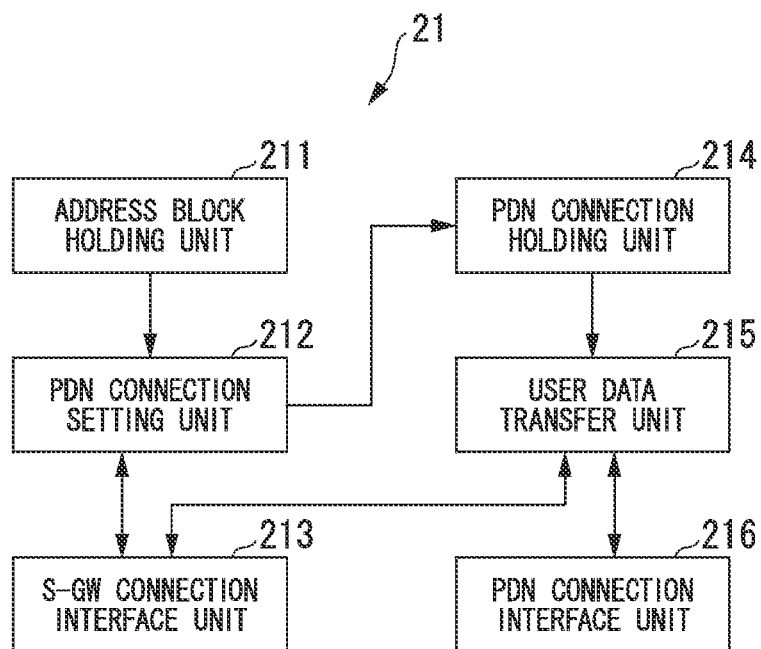


FIG. 3

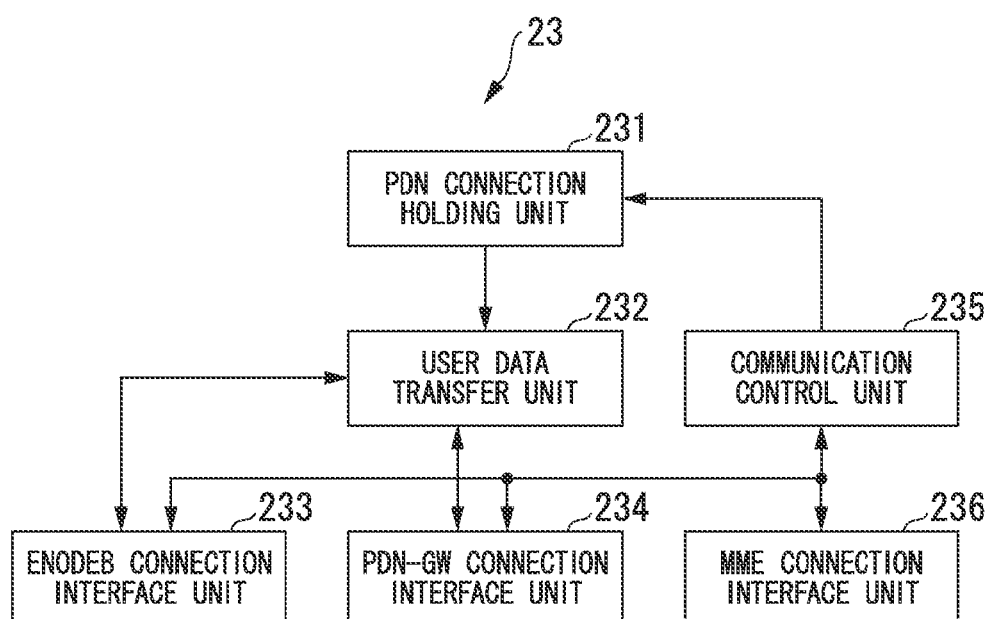


FIG. 4

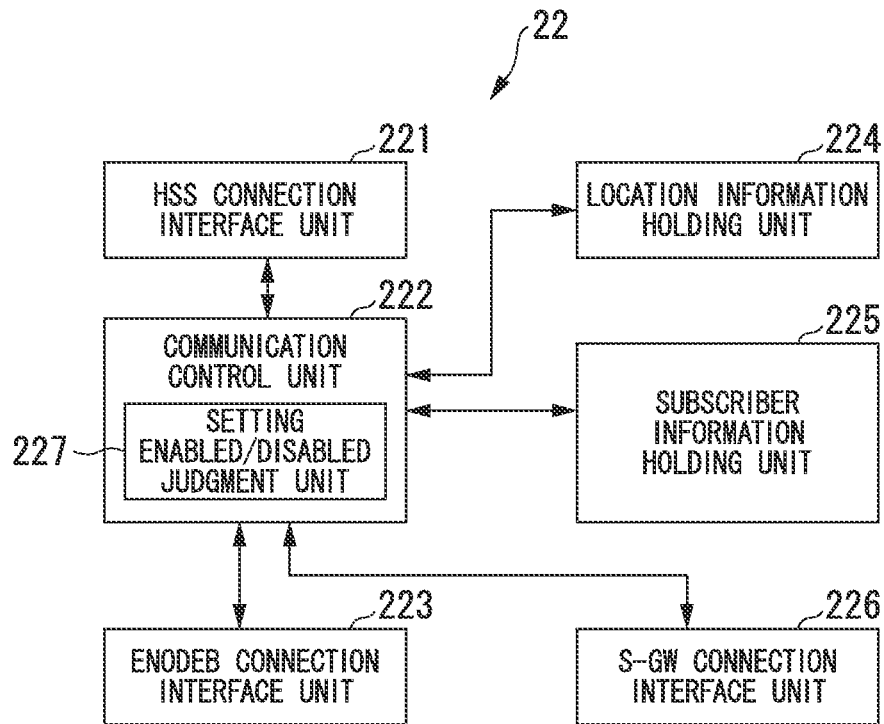


FIG. 5

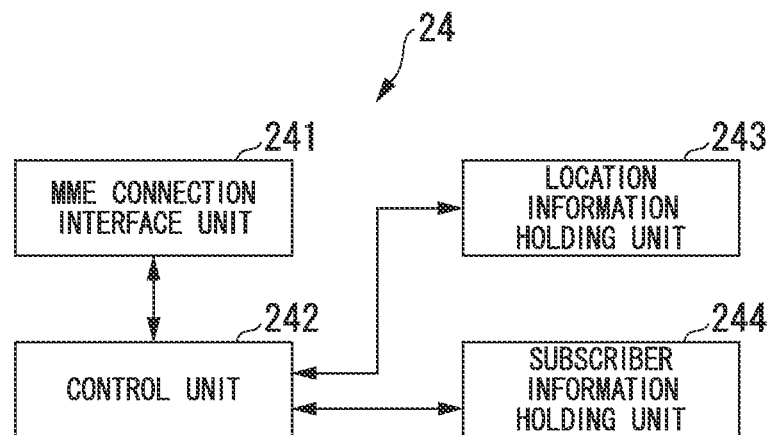


FIG. 6

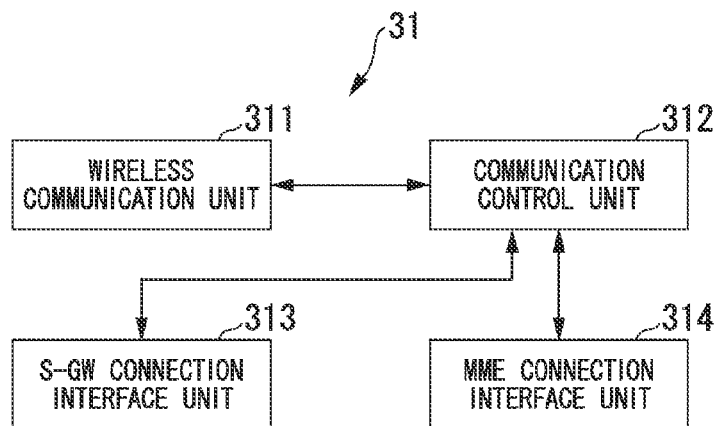


FIG. 7

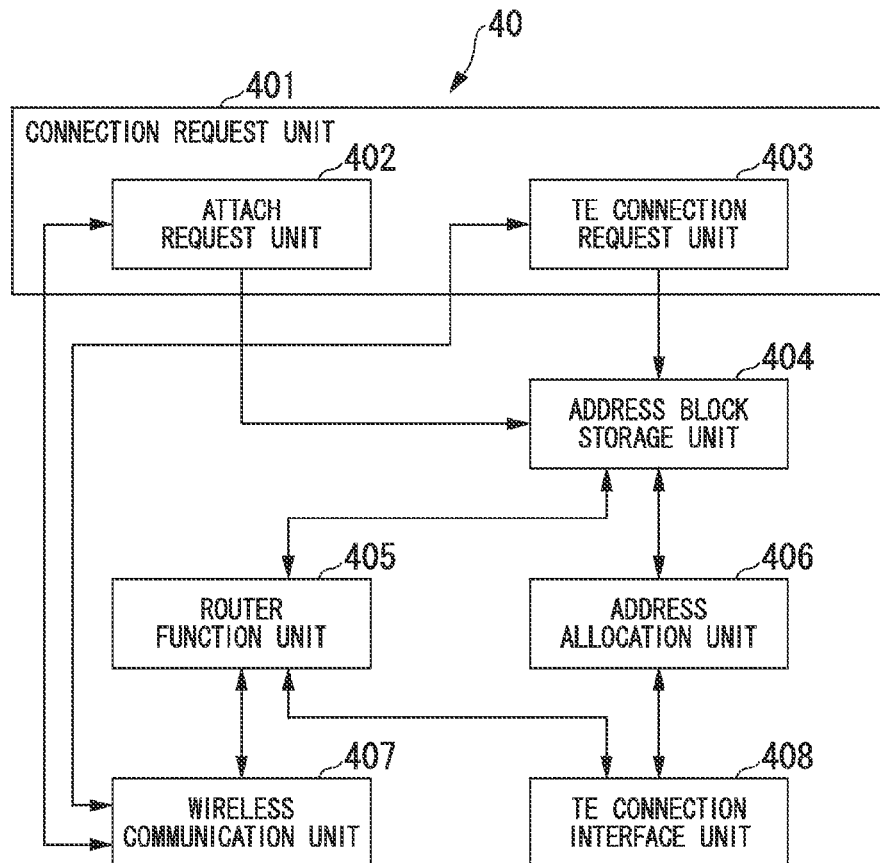


FIG. 8

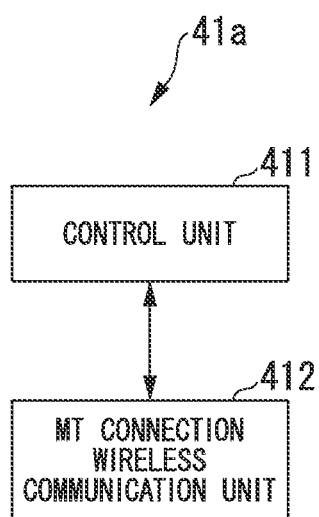


FIG. 9

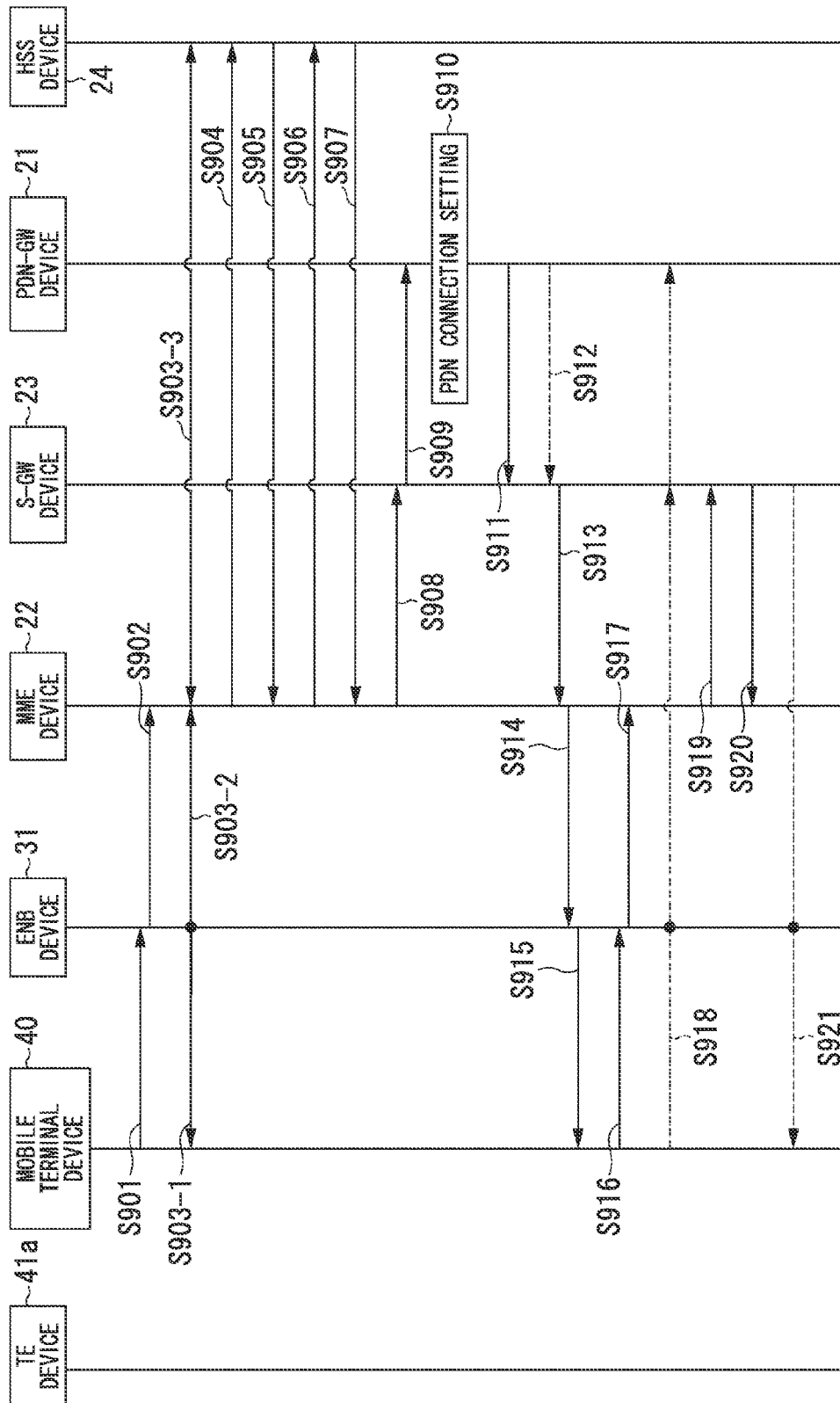


FIG. 10

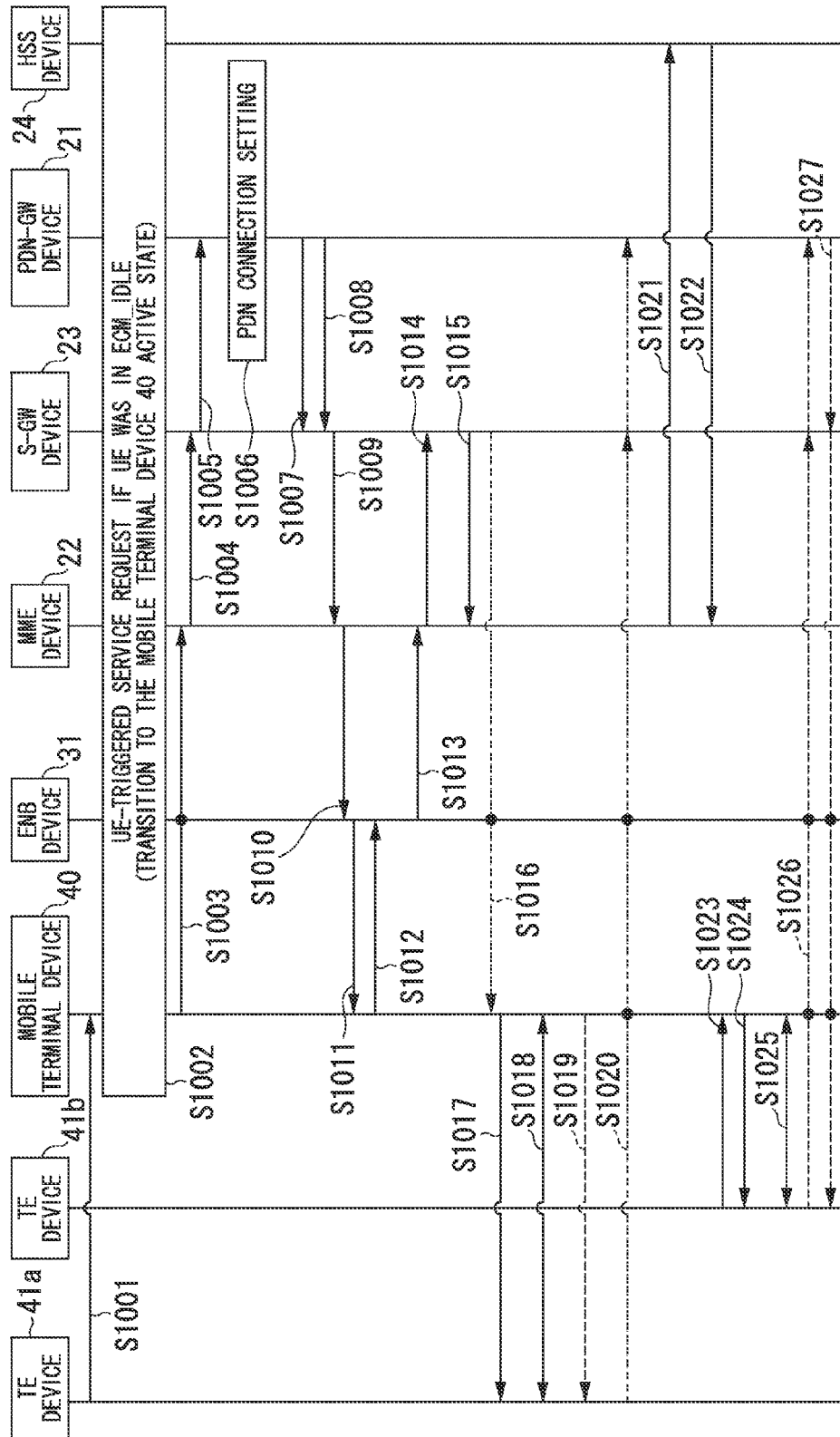


FIG. 11

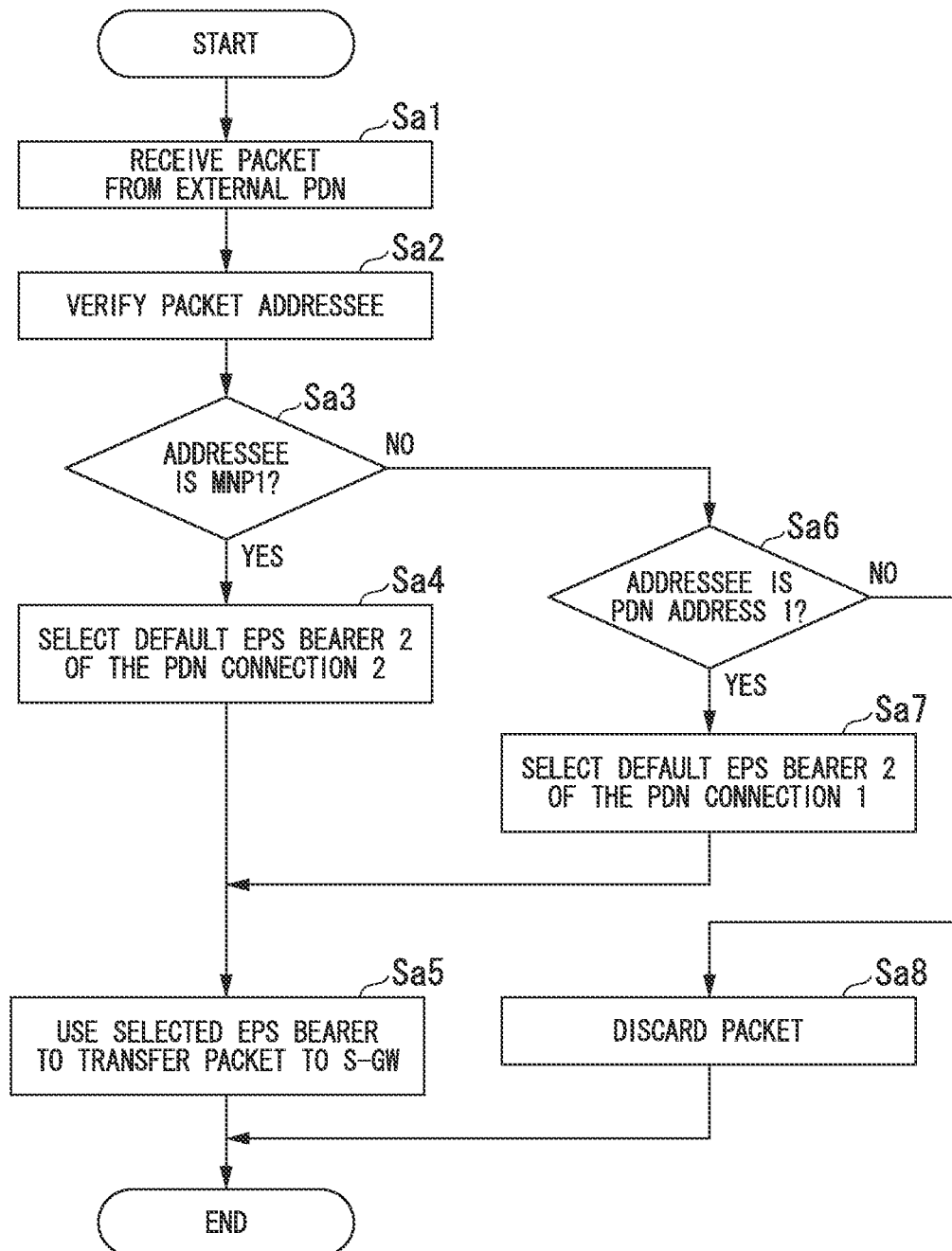


FIG. 12

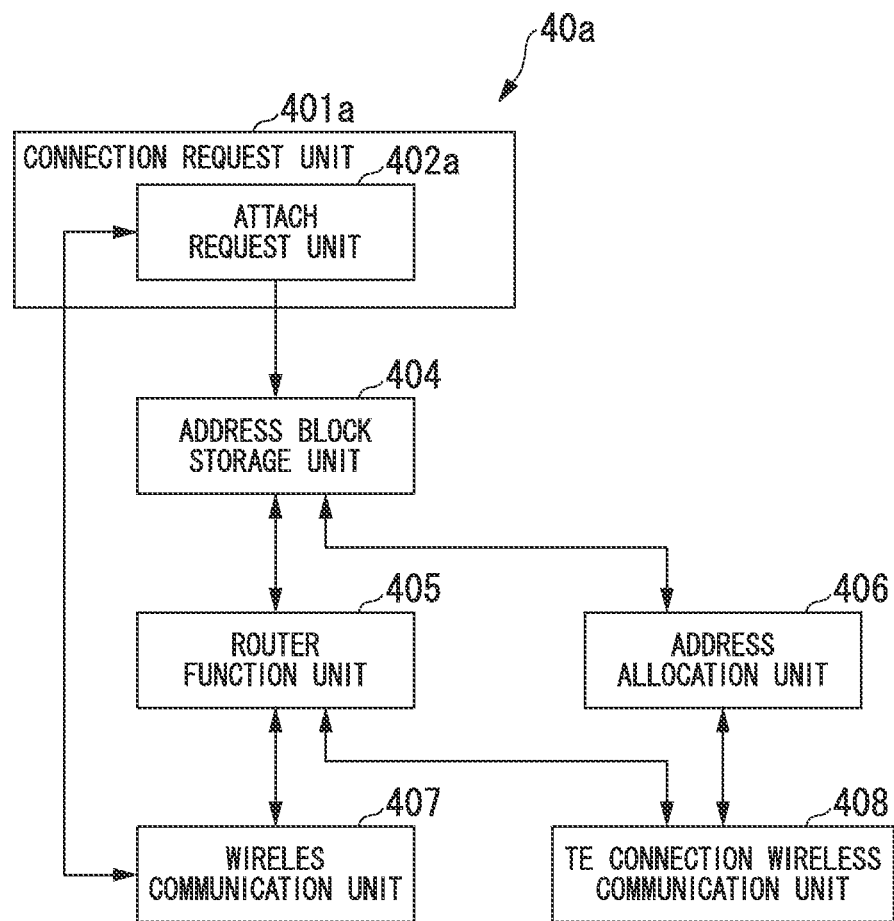


FIG. 13

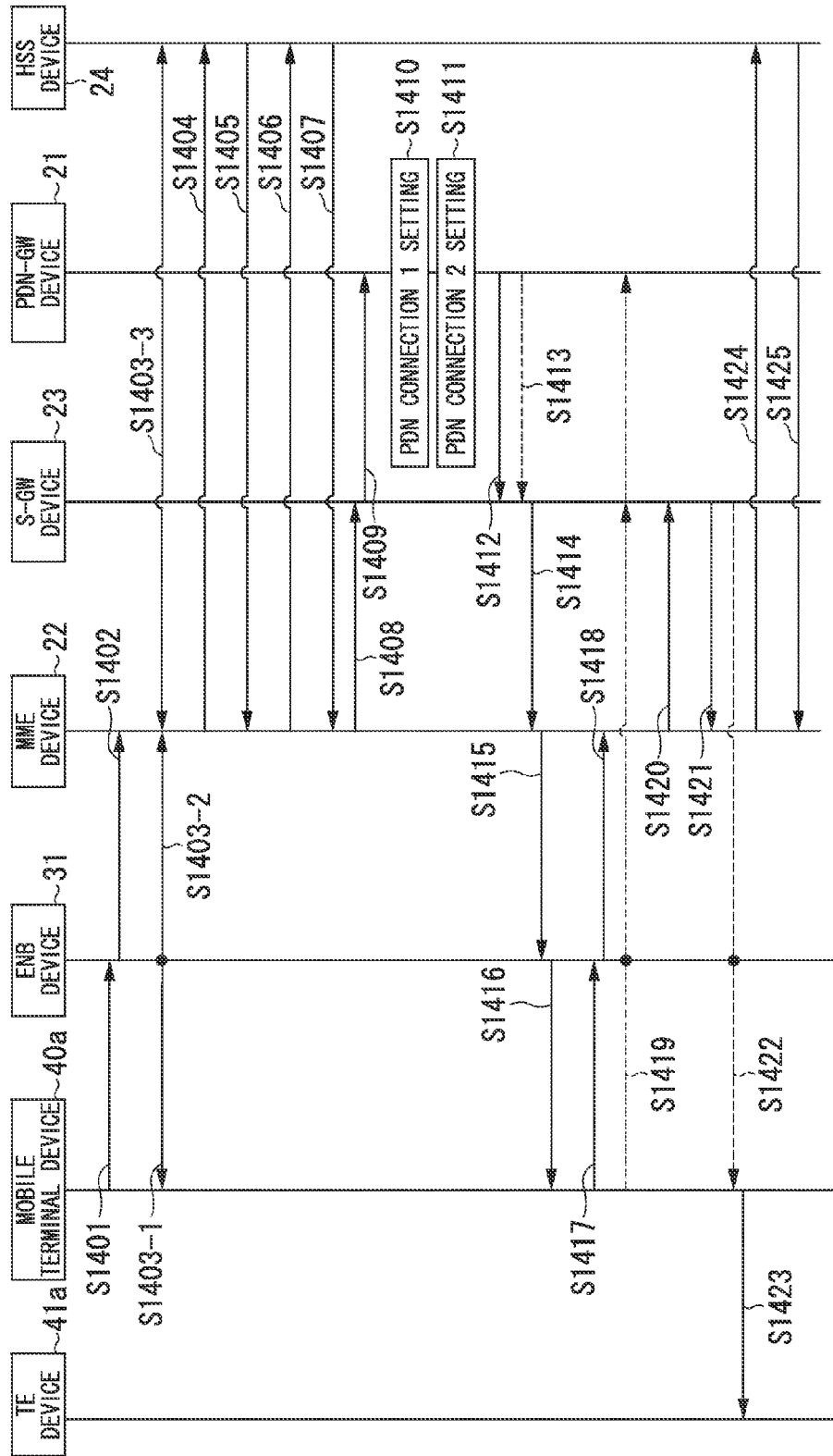


FIG. 14

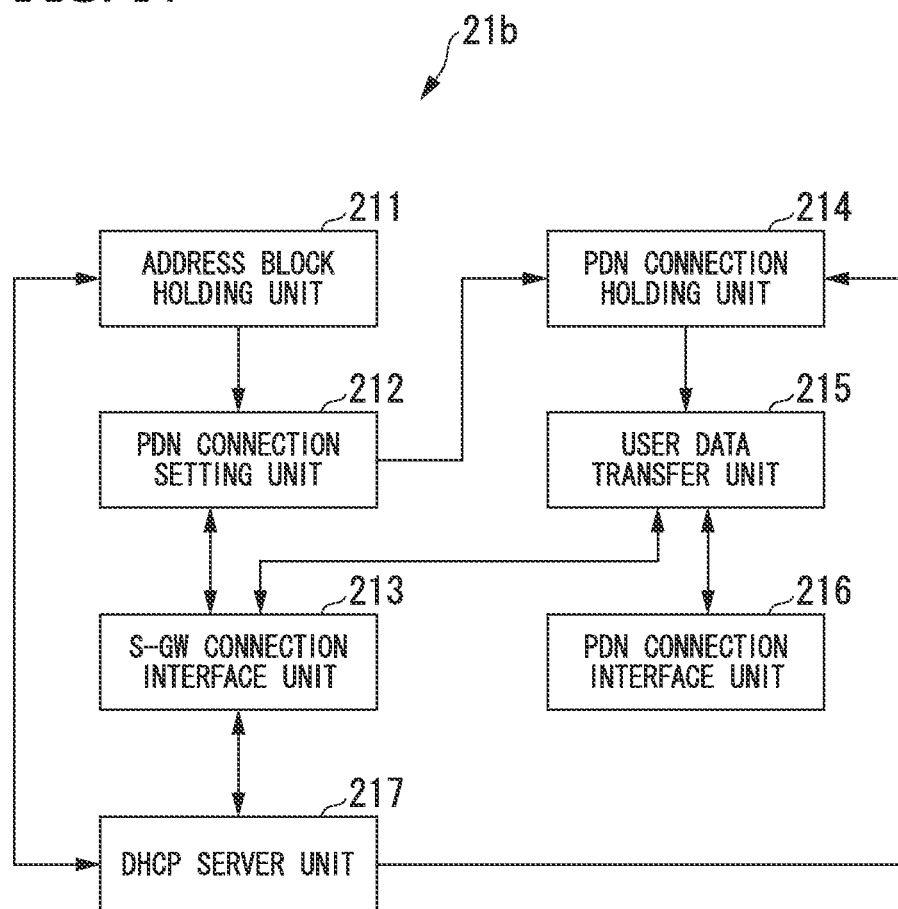


FIG. 15

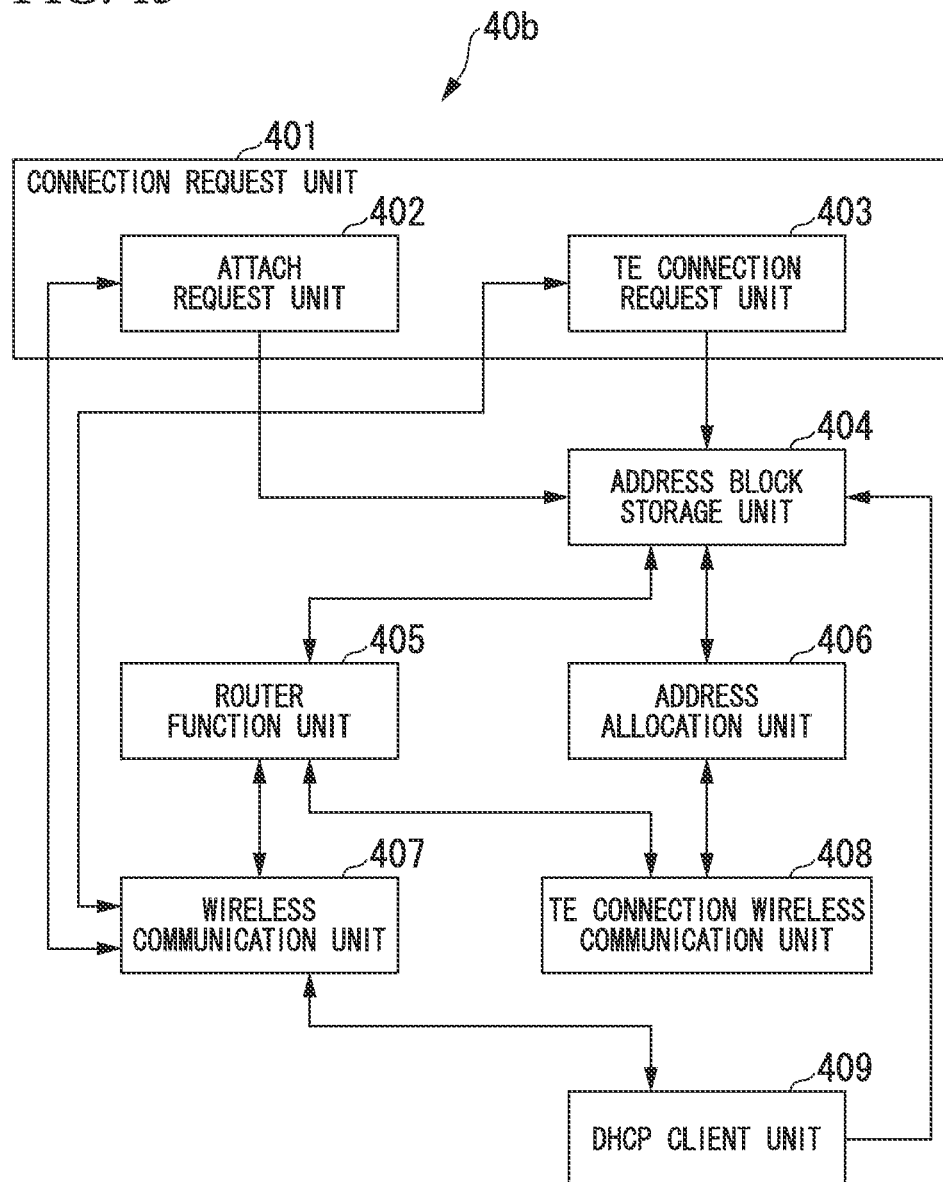


FIG. 16

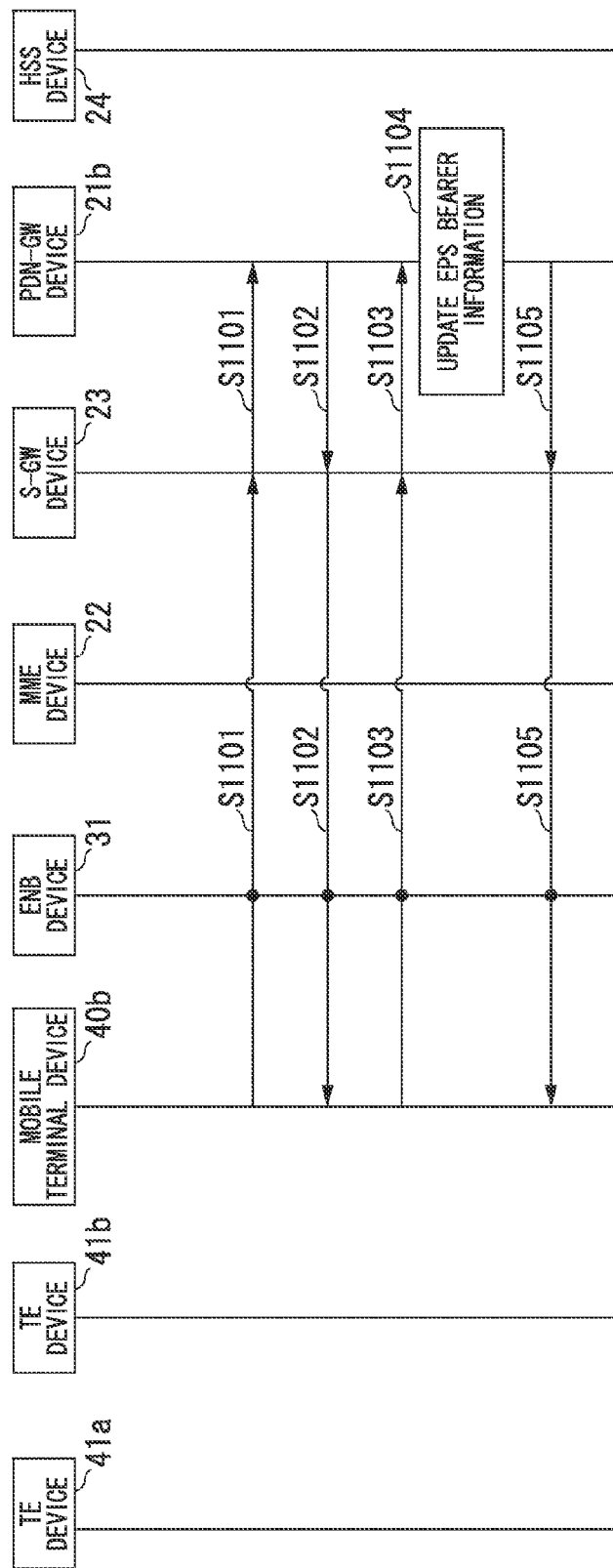


FIG. 17

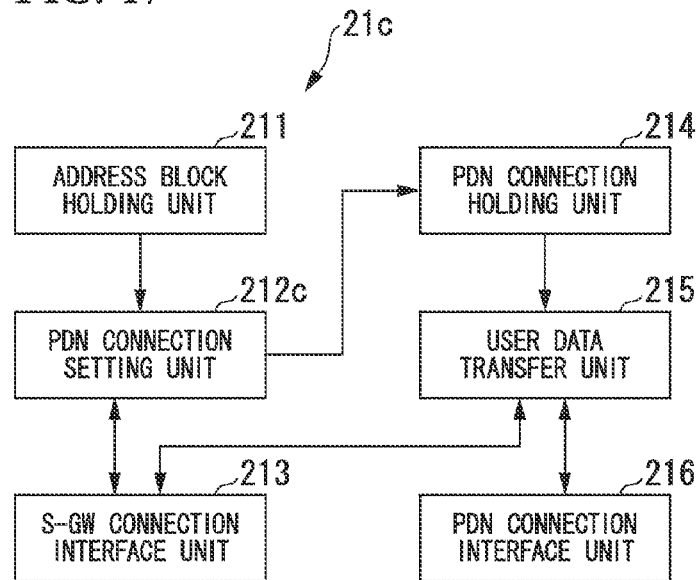


FIG. 18

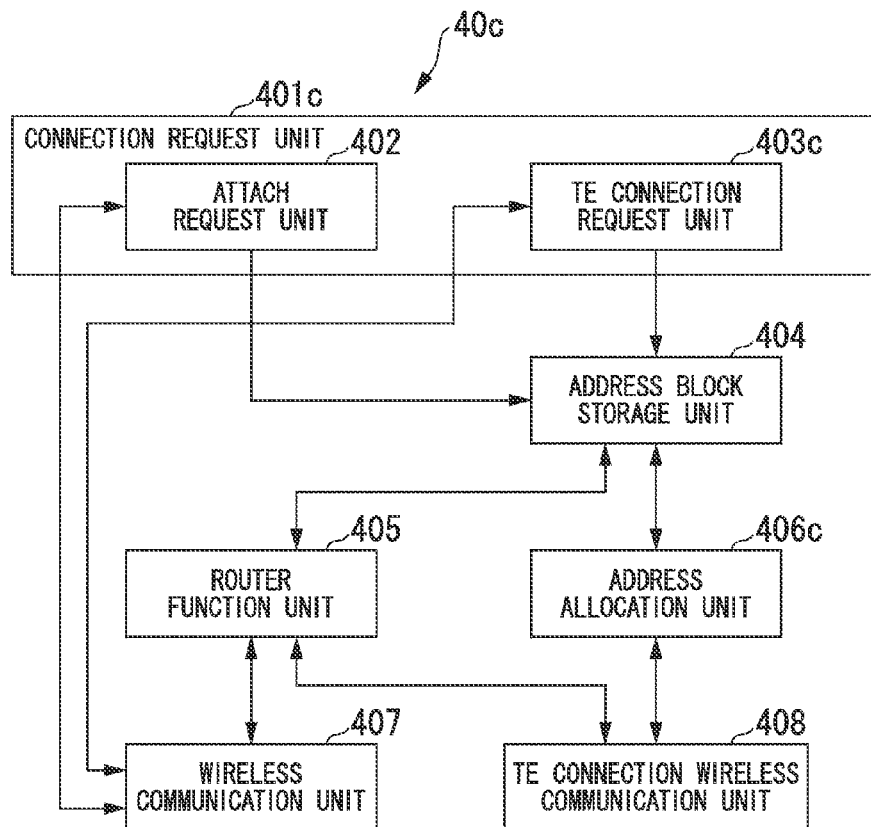


FIG. 19

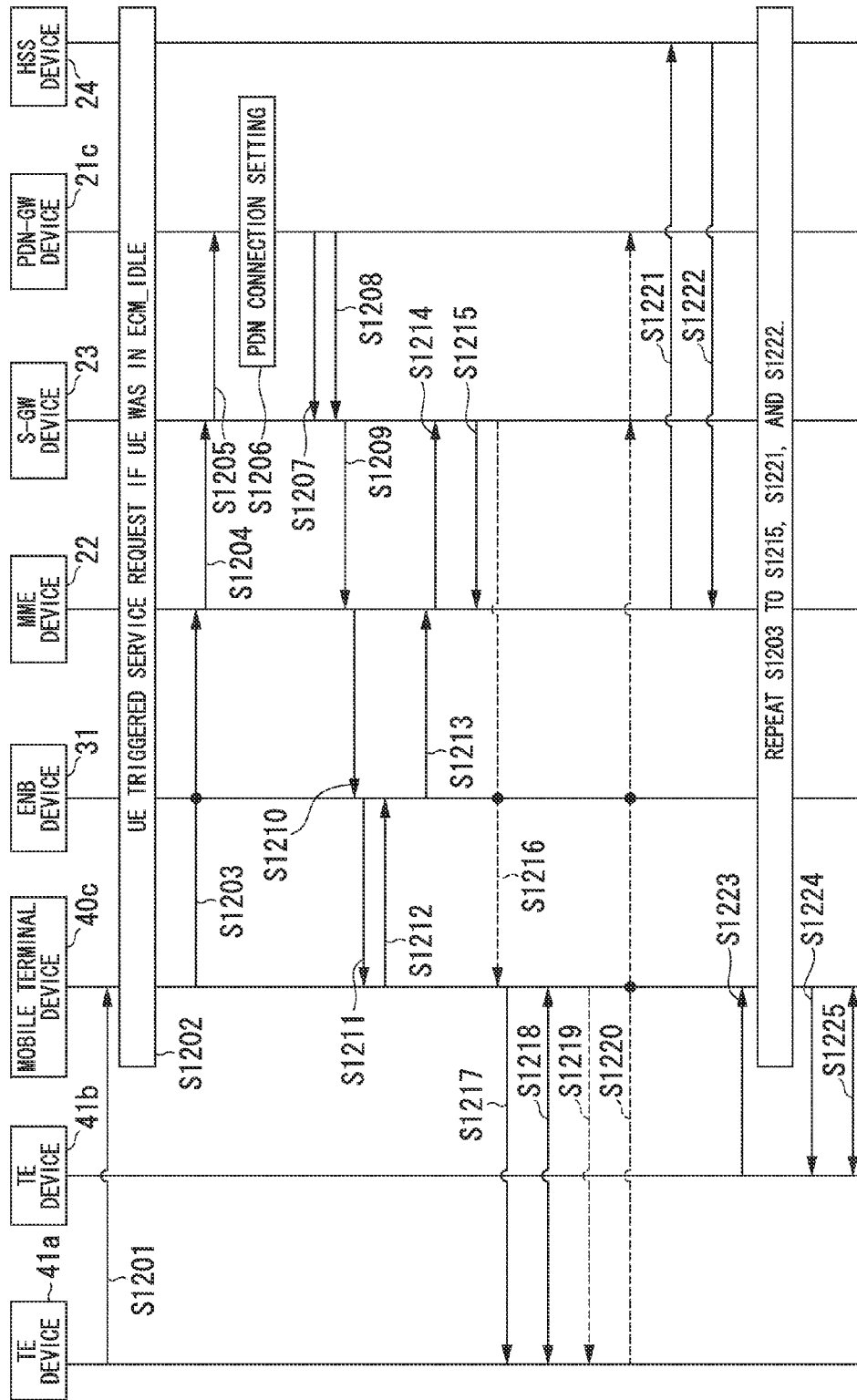


FIG. 20

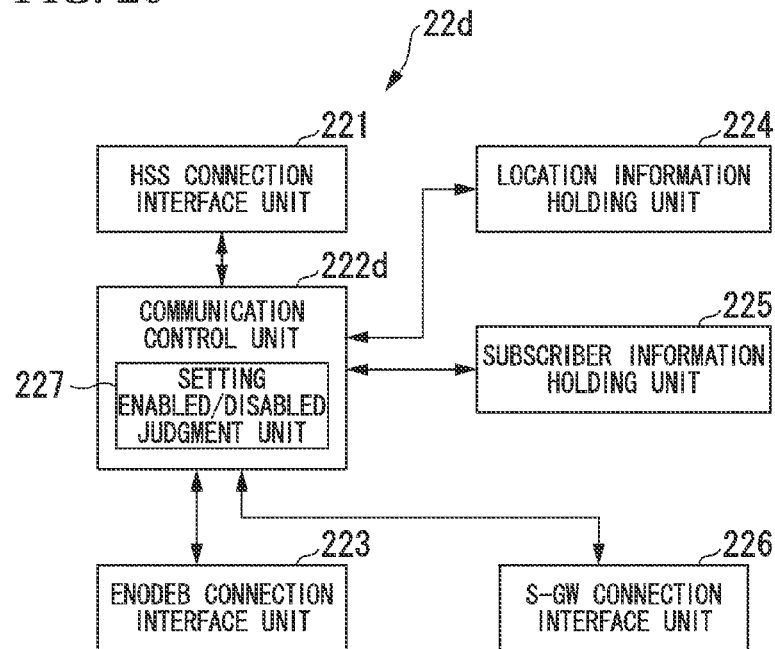


FIG. 21

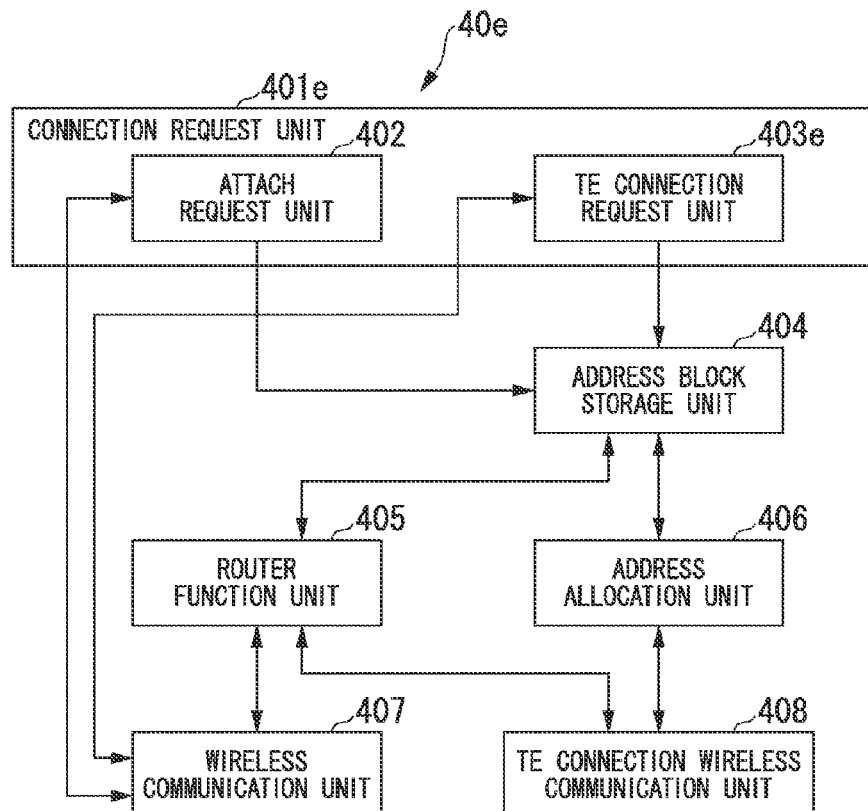
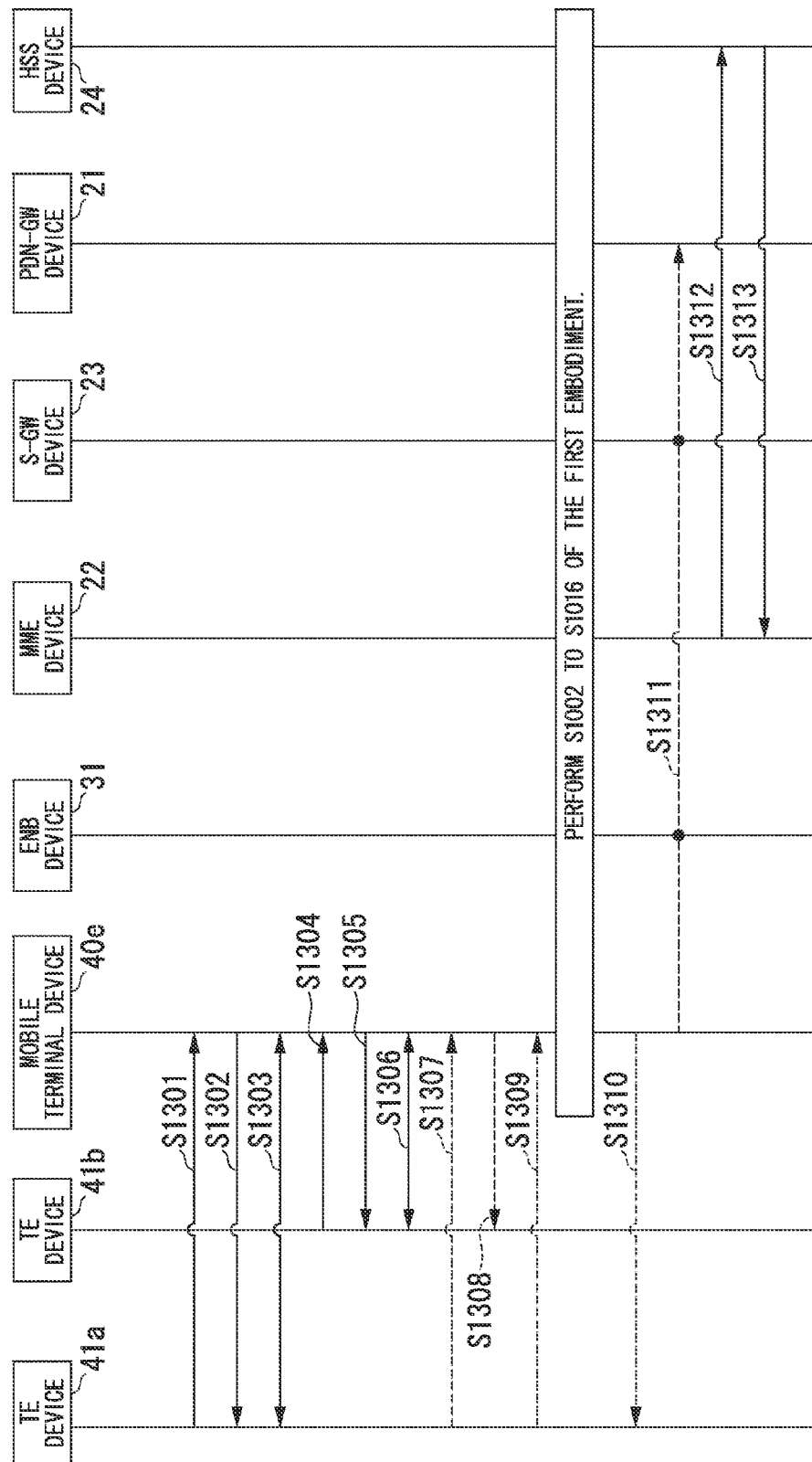


FIG. 22



MOBILE COMMUNICATION SYSTEM**TECHNICAL FIELD**

The present invention relates to a mobile communication system, and particularly to a mobile communication system connected to an external packet data network.

The present application claims priority based on the patent application 2009-079962, filed on Mar. 27, 2009 in Japan, the content of which is incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND ART

In the UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunications System) that has been standardized as a third-generation mobile communication system, an MT (Mobile Terminal) is established as a mobile terminal that has a UMTS wireless interface and a TE (Terminal Equipment) is established as a terminal equipment that connects to the MT. The MT and TE are collectively called UE (User Equipment).

A TE-MT interface is set forth in the Non-Patent Document 1 (TS 27.060), wherein a communication protocol is indicated in which a TE such as a laptop PC (personal computer) that does not have a UMTS wireless interface connects to a PDN (Packet Data Network) that is an external network, via the UMTS wireless interface in an MT. Although the physical interface between the TE and MT can use not only a wired interface such as a serial cable or a USB (Universal Serial Bus) cable, but also can use a wireless interface such as Bluetooth (registered trademark) or the like, the use of the PPP (Point-to-Point Protocol) is called for.

Patent Document 1 discloses a method whereby, rather than a TE-MT interface, an Ethernet (registered trademark) and DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) are used to allocate an IP (Internet Protocol) address to the TE and make connection to the PDN. Additionally, it is assumed that it will be possible to use this TE-MT interface in the EPS (Evolved Packet System), which is standardized as the next-generation mobile communication system by the 3GPP (3rd Generation Partnership Project).

The protocol for connecting a UE to the PDN in an EPS is set forth in the Non-Patent Document 2 (TS 23.401). The UE, after first being attached to the wireless access network, establishes a logical path connection to the PDN, which is known as a PDN connection.

The PDN is uniquely identified by the APN (Access Point Name), and is connected to the core network via a PDN-GW, which is an external gateway equipment. The PDN connection is established individually for each PDN-GW that is connected to the UE. Even via one and the same PDN-GW, when connections are made to different PDNs, independent PDN connections are required.

One PDN connection combines a plurality of logical paths that is known as an EPS bearer when transferring a user IP packet, and it is further possible to assign a QoS (Quality of Service) class and a charging rule or the like to each EPS bearer. Therefore, using the UE packet transmission destination and transport protocol, it is possible to apply different QoS classes and charging rules to each IP packet, using a port number.

Patent Document 1: Japanese Unexamined Patent Application Publication (Translation of PCT Application) No. 2008-511222

Non-Patent Document 1: TS 27.060 Packet Domain; Mobile Station (MS) Supporting Packet Switched Services

Non-Patent Document 2: TS 23.401 General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) Enhancements for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN) Access

DISCLOSURE OF INVENTION**Problem to be Solved by the Invention**

However, when a user is walking around carrying a plurality of TEs such as a PDA or a laptop personal computer that does not have a wireless interface for direct connection to an EPS and a mobile terminal device that alone can connect to an EPS as a UE, an ad-hoc network being formed that locally makes connection between these devices, and the TE being connected to the ad-hoc network uses the mobile terminal device as an MT to make connection to the PDN, there is a problem that the processing load increases as noted below, and there is a limitation on the service that can be provided.

Conventionally, PDN connections have been established for each TE. Therefore, even in the case in which a plurality of TEs are connected to one and the same PDN and also to one and the same PDN-GW, as many procedures for establishing PDN connections are necessary as there are TEs. The mobile terminal device itself to which the TE is connected is also connected to the EPS and establishes a PDN connection for the mobile terminal device in order to benefit from the communication service. However, with regard to any of these PDN connections, even though they are established from a common mobile terminal device as the point of origin, because they could not be combined, there was the problem of an increase in the processing load, because of the increase in the overall system administrative information. Additionally, at the time of handover as well, it is necessary to perform the protocol for re-establishing the PDN connections for all PDN connections, thereby causing an increase in the overall system processing load.

A method that can be envisioned so that the number of PDN connections does not increase is that of providing an NAT (Network Address Translator) in the above-noted mobile terminal device, and sharing one IP address allocated to the mobile terminal device and one PDN connection between the mobile terminal device and a plurality of TEs. In this case, however, not only does the installation into the mobile terminal device becomes complex, but also processing for the mobile terminal device to check all the packets transmitted and received by the TE becomes necessary and, if necessary, to rewrite the packet header and payload, thereby increasing the processing load on the mobile terminal device. This results in the problems of a reduced throughput and an increase in battery consumption of the mobile terminal device. Additionally, because a packet transmitted by the mobile terminal device itself and a packet that the TE transmits cannot be distinguished when seen from the viewpoint of the core network, the limitation occurs that, in spite of the fact that it is the origin of a packet transmission, the same QoS class and charging rule must be applied, this leading to the problem of hindering the implementation of a diverse service model in which different charging models are applied, depending upon the mode of use.

The present invention was made in consideration of the above-described situation and has as an object the provision of a mobile communication system capable of suppressing an increase in the processing load and a limitation of providable services, even in the case in which an ad-hoc network is formed between a mobile terminal device and a plurality of

TEs and a PDN connection is made by the TE using the mobile terminal device as an MT.

Means for Solving the Problem

(1) In an aspect of the present invention, there is provided a mobile communication system including a mobile terminal device performing a communication connection with a plurality of information terminal devices, a wireless access network performing wireless communication with the mobile terminal device, and a core network performing communication with an external packet data network, and also performing communication with the mobile terminal device via the wireless access network, wherein: the core network includes a PDN connection holding unit that associates and stores information regarding PDN connection that is a logical path used for transfer of user data via the wireless access network between the external packet data network and the mobile terminal device with information indicating an address block configured as a set of a plurality of addresses identifying a plurality of the information terminal devices.

(2) In the aspect of the present invention, the mobile terminal device may include: a connection request unit that requests the core network to set an information terminal PDN connection that is a PDN connection to be used for transfer of user data of the information terminal devices and that receives from the core network information indicating the address block assigned to the information terminal PDN connection set by the request; an address allocation unit that allocates an address belonging to an address block indicated by information received by the connection request unit to the information terminal devices; a router function unit that, when user data addressed to an address allocated to the information terminal devices is received, transfers the received user data to the information terminal devices to which the address is allocated; wherein the core network may include a PDN connection setting unit that, when a request is received from the mobile terminal device, allocates the address block to the PDN connection for the information terminal and associates and stores in the PDN connection holding unit information indicating the address block with information regarding the PDN connection for the information terminal, and transmits information indicating the allocated address block to the mobile terminal device.

(3) In the aspect of the present invention, the connection request unit of the mobile terminal device, when requesting the setting of the information terminal PDN connection, may specify an address block class that is a type of the address block allocated the information terminal PDN connection and that specifies one of an address block indicated by the IPv4 network address, an address block indicated by the IPv6 prefix, or an address block indicated by the IPv4 network address and by the IPv6 prefix, and wherein the PDN connection setting unit of the core network, when setting the information terminal PDN connection, may allocate to the set information terminal PDN connection the type of address block specified by the address block class.

(4) In the aspect of the present invention, the connection request unit of the mobile terminal device, when requesting the core network to set a PDN connection for a mobile terminal that is a logic path used for transfer of user data of the mobile terminal device with an external network, via the wireless access network, may include in the request a request for setting of the information terminal PDN connection.

(5) In the aspect of the present invention, the connection request unit of the mobile terminal device, when requesting the core network to set a PDN connection for a mobile terminal

that is a logic path used for transfer of user data of the mobile terminal device between an external network and thereof, via the wireless access network, may include in the request a flag indicating that the mobile terminal device includes the router function unit, and wherein, the core network may include a setting enabled/disabled unit that, when a request to set the information terminal PDN connection is received, judges, based on the flag, whether the information terminal PDN connection can be set.

(6) In the aspect of the present invention, the mobile terminal device may include an address block storage unit that stores information indicating the address block, and wherein the address allocation unit of the mobile terminal device, when the information terminal devices performs communication connection with the mobile terminal device, may allocate to the information terminal device an address that belongs to the address block stored by the address block storage unit.

(7) In the aspect of the present invention, the core network may include a terminal information storage unit that stores information indicating an address block allocated to the information terminal PDN connection in association with information that identifies the mobile terminal device, wherein the PDN connection setting unit of the core network, upon receiving a request for an information terminal PDN connection setting, may allocate the address block stored by the terminal information storage unit, in association with information identifying the mobile terminal device that originated the request.

(8) In the aspect of the present invention, the core network may include a terminal information storage unit that stores information indicating whether a user of a mobile terminal device is subscribed to a network mobile service, in association with information identifying the mobile terminal device, wherein the setting enabled/disabled judgment unit of the core network, upon receiving a request for setting of an information terminal PDN connection, may determine whether an information terminal PDN connection can be set, based on the flag in the request, and on information stored by the terminal information storage unit.

(9) In the aspect of the present invention, the core network may include a terminal information storage unit that stores information indicating whether or not a user of the mobile terminal is subscribed to a network mobile service, in association with information identifying the mobile terminal device, wherein the setting enabled/disabled judgment unit of the core network, upon receiving a request for setting of a mobile terminal PDN connection, may determine whether a mobile terminal PDN connection can be set, based on the flag in the request, and on information stored by the terminal information storage unit.

(10) In the aspect of the present invention, the mobile terminal device may include a dynamic host setting client unit that, using a dynamic host setting protocol, requests an address block from the core network, and receive from the core network information indicating the address block allocated to the information terminal PDN connection by the request, wherein the core network may include a dynamic host setting server unit that, upon receiving the request for the address block using the dynamic host setting protocol, allocate an address block to the information terminal PDN connection of the mobile terminal device that originated the request, and transmit the address block to the mobile terminal device.

(11) In the aspect of the present invention, the mobile terminal device may include: a connection request unit that requests the core network to set an information terminal PDN

5

connection that is a logical path used for transfer of user data of the information terminal device with the external PDN, and receives as a response to the request information indicating an address allocated to the information terminal PDN connection set by the request; an address allocation unit that allocates an address received by the connection request unit to the information terminal device; and a router function unit that, upon receiving user data addressed to the address allocated to the information terminal device, transfers the received user data to the information terminal to which the address had been allocated, wherein the core network, upon receiving a request from the mobile terminal device, may associate an address belonging to the address block allocated to the mobile terminal PDN connection used in transfer of user data of the mobile terminal device with information regarding the information terminal PDN connection for which setting was requested, store these in the PDN connection holding unit, and transmit the allocated address to the mobile terminal device.

Effect of the Invention

According to the present invention, PDN connections for a plurality of terminal devices connected to a common mobile terminal device can be combined, and additionally the establishment of the PDN connection for the mobile terminal device and the establishment of the PDN connection for the mobile terminal device can be performed together, thereby enabling suppression of an increase in processing load and limitation of the providable service.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a simplified block diagram showing the network configuration of a mobile communication system according to a first embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of a PDN-GW device 21 in the same embodiment.

FIG. 3 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of an S-GW device 23 in the same embodiment.

FIG. 4 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of an MME device 22 in the same embodiment.

FIG. 5 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of an HSS device 24 in the same embodiment.

FIG. 6 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of an ENB device 31 in the same embodiment.

FIG. 7 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of a mobile terminal device 40 in the same embodiment.

FIG. 8 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of a TE device 41a in the same embodiment.

FIG. 9 is a sequence diagram showing an example of the sequence of attaching the mobile terminal device 40 to an EPS in the same embodiment.

FIG. 10 is a sequence diagram showing an example of connection of the TE device 41a and the TE device 41b to the mobile terminal device 40 in the same embodiment.

FIG. 11 is a flowchart showing the packet transfer processing of the PDN-GW device 21 in the same embodiment.

FIG. 12 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of a mobile terminal device 40a in a second embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 13 is a sequence diagram showing an example of the sequence of attaching the mobile terminal device 40a to an EPS in the same embodiment.

FIG. 14 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of a PDN-GW device 21b in a third embodiment of the present invention.

6

FIG. 15 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of a mobile terminal device 40b in the same embodiment.

FIG. 16 is a sequence diagram showing an example of the sequence of connection of the mobile terminal device 40b in the same embodiment.

FIG. 17 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of a PDN-GW device 21c in a fourth embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 18 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of a mobile terminal device 40c in the same embodiment.

FIG. 19 is a sequence diagram showing an example of the sequence of the connection for the TE devices 41a and 41b performing communication with an external PDN 50 in the same embodiment.

FIG. 20 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of an MME device 22d in a fifth embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 21 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of a mobile terminal device 40e in a sixth embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 22 is a diagram showing an example of the sequence for establishing a TE PDN 21 connection in the same embodiment.

BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

First Embodiment

The first embodiment of the present invention is described below, with references made to drawings. FIG. 1 is a simplified block diagram showing the network configuration of a mobile communication system according to the first embodiment of the present invention. The mobile communication system 10 in this embodiment is connected to an external PDN (Packet Data Network) 50, and has a core network 20, a wireless access network 30, and at least one mobile terminal device 40. In the example shown in FIG. 1, the mobile communication system 10 has TE devices 41a and 41b that are connected to the mobile terminal device 40. Although this embodiment is described for the example of an EPS as the mobile communication system that is standardized by 3GPP, the present invention is not limited in this manner, and can be applied in the same manner to a mobile communication system that has a node configuration.

The core network 20 has a PDN-GW device 21, an MME (Mobile Management Entity) device 22, an S-GW device 23, and an HSS (Home Subscriber Server) device 24. The S-GW device 23 transmits and receives, as a local mobility anchor, packets from the ENB (eNodeB: base station device) 31 to which the mobile terminal device 40 is connected.

The PDN-GW device 21 is connected to the external PDN 50, which is the Internet or an IMS (IP Multimedia Subsystem), and functions as a gateway that connects the core network 20 to these types of external PDNs 50. The PDN-GW device 21 allocates an IP address and performs sorting by packet QoS. The PDN-GW device 21 and the S-GW device 23 may be constituted on one and the same physical node.

The MME (Mobility Management Entity) 22 is an entity that performs only signaling, and has as its main function management, including paging of mobility of the mobile terminal device 40 that connects to the wireless access network 30.

The HSS device 24 performs user authentication and manages subscription data. Subscription data includes a subscrib-

er's service subscription information, and whether the subscriber is subscribed to NEMO (Network Mobility) service. The wireless access network **30** has at least one ENB device **31**, which is a base station.

The mobile terminal device **40** is a device that has the functions of both an MT and a UE in UMTS. The TE devices **41a** and **41b** are TEs in UMTS.

GTP (General Packet Radio Service Tunneling Protocol) or GRE (Generic Routing Encapsulation) is used as the packet tunneling protocol between the S-GW device **23** and the PDN-GW device **21**. With GTP, exchange is performed of the TEIDs (Tunnel Endpoint IDs) between two nodes and two TEIDs are set individually for each direction. Because different TEIDs are allocated for each EPS bearer, the GTP endpoint node (S-GW device **23** or PDN-GW device **21**) references the TEM included in the packet header to be able to uniquely distinguish between the mobile terminal device **40** and its EPS bearer. Similar to GTP, GRE performs exchange of GRE keys, which correspond to the TEIDs in GTP, between two nodes, and sets two GRE keys (downlink GRE key and uplink GRE key) individually for each direction.

FIG. 2 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of the PDN-GW **21** in the present embodiment. The PDN-GW **21** has an address block holding unit **211**, a PDN connection setting unit **212**, an S-GW connection interface unit **213**, a PDN connection holding unit **214**, a user data transfer unit **215**, and a PDN connection interface unit **216**.

The S-GW connection interface unit **213** is a communication interface unit for performing communication connection with the S-GW device **23**. Each unit of the PDN-GW device **21** performs communication with the S-GW device **23**, via this S-GW connection interface unit **213**. The PDN connection interface unit **216** is a communication interface unit for performing communication with the external PDN **50**. Each unit of the PDN-GW device **21** performs communication with the external PDN **50**, via this PDN connection interface unit **216**.

The address block holding unit **211** holds information indicating an address block that can be allocated to the PDN connection by the PDN connection setting unit **212**, which is described later. An address block as used herein is a set of a plurality of addresses, and in the present embodiment is a network address in IPv4 (for example, 192.63.25.0/24 of 192.63.25.0 to 192.63.25.255) and an IPv6 prefix in IPv6 (for example, 1392:d38c::/32 of 1392:d38c:: to 1392:d38c:ffff::).

The PDN connection holding unit **214** stores information regarding a PDN connection, associating it with information that indicates an address block. The PDN connection in this case is a logical path used for transfer of user data, via the wireless access network **30**, between the external PDN **50** and the mobile terminal device **40**. There are two types of PDN connections, a PDN connection for UE (PDN connection for a mobile terminal) for transferring user data of the mobile terminal device **40**, and a PDN connection for a TE (PDN connection for an information terminal) for transferring user data of the information terminals **41a** and **41b**.

The PDN connection setting unit **212**, upon receiving a request from the mobile terminal device **40**, allocates an address block to a TE PDN connection or a UE PDN connection, associates information that indicates the address block with information that indicates the TE PDN connection or the UE PDN connection and causes the PDN connection holding unit **214** to store the information, and transmits information indicating the allocated address block, addressing it to the mobile terminal device **40**.

The user data transfer unit **215**, upon receiving user data from the external PDN **50**, accesses the PDN connection holding unit **214**, acquires PDN connection information associated with the address block included in the addressee of the received user data, and uses the PDN connection of the acquired information to transfer the received user data to the mobile terminal device **40**. The user data transfer unit **215**, upon receiving user data from the mobile terminal device **40**, via the S-GW device **23**, transfers it to the external PDN **50**. In the present embodiment, the user data from the mobile terminal device **40** includes user data of the mobile terminal device **40**, and user data of the information terminal devices **41a** and **41b** connected to the mobile terminal device **40**.

FIG. 3 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of the S-GW device **23** in the present embodiment. The S-GW device **23** has a PDN connection holding unit **231**, a user data transfer unit **232**, an ENODEB connection interface unit **233**, a PDN-GW connection interface unit **234**, a communication control unit **235**, and an MME connection interface unit **236**.

The ENODEB connection interface unit **233** is a communication interface unit for performing communication connection to the ENB device **31**. Each unit of the S-GW device **23** performs communication with the ENB device **31**, via the ENODEB connection interface unit **233**. The PDN-GW connection interface unit **234** is a communication interface unit for performing communication connection with the PDN-GW device **21**. Each unit of the S-GW device **23** performs communication with the PDN-GW device **21**, via the PDN-GW connection interface unit **234**. The MME connection interface unit **236** is a communication interface unit for performing communication connection with the MME device **22**. Each unit of the S-GW device **23** performs communication with the MME device **22**, via the MME connection interface unit **236**.

The PDN connection holding unit **231** stores information regarding the PDN connection. The user data transfer unit **232**, upon receiving user information from the mobile terminal device **40**, via the ENB device **31**, transfers it to the PDN-GW device **21**, using the PDN connection that is stored by the PDN connection holding unit **231**. The user data transfer unit **232**, upon receiving the user data from the external PDN **50** via the PDN-GW device **21**, transfers it to the ENB device **31**, using the PDN connection that is stored in the PDN connection holding unit **231**.

FIG. 4 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of the MME device **22** in the present embodiment. The MME device **22** has an HSS connection interface unit **221**, a communication control unit **222**, an ENODEB connection interface unit **223**, a location information holding unit **224**, a subscriber information holding unit **225**, and an S-GW connection interface unit **226**. The HSS connection interface unit **221** is a communication interface unit for performing communication connection with the HSS device **24**. Each unit of the MME device **22** performs communication with the HSS device **24**, via the HSS connection interface unit **221**.

The ENODEB connection interface unit **223** is a communication interface unit for performing communication connection with the ENB device **31**. Each unit of the MME device **22** performs communication with the ENB device **31**, via the ENODEB connection interface unit **223**. The S-GW connection interface unit **226** is a communication interface unit for performing communication connection with the S-GW device **23**. Each unit of the MME device **22** performs communication with the S-GW device **23**, via the S-GW connection interface unit **226**.

The location information holding unit 224 holds location information that indicates what ENB device 31 it is possible for each mobile terminal device 40 to communicate with. The subscriber information holding unit 225 (terminal information storage unit) holds subscription data that includes service subscription information indicating which of mobile terminal devices 40 are subscribed to which service, associated with information identifying each of the mobile terminal devices 40. In the present embodiment, this service includes NEMO (Network Mobility) service. Also, in the present embodiment, the subscription data includes a flag that indicates whether or not the mobile terminal device 40 has a router function. The location information and subscription data is the required data acquired by the MME device 22 from the HSS device 24.

The communication control unit 222 controls communication of the MME device 22, and has a setting enabled/disabled judgment unit 227. The setting enabled/disabled judgment unit 227, upon receiving an attach request from the mobile terminal device 40 (request for a UE PDN connection setting), via the ENB device 31, makes a judgment as to whether the UE PDN connection that has been requested for setting can be set, based on a flag that indicates whether or not there is a router function being requested, and information included in the subscription data of the mobile terminal device 40 that indicates whether or not the mobile terminal device that originates the request is subscribed to the NEMO service. Details of this judgment are described later. The communication control unit 222 causes the subscriber information holding unit 225 to store the value of the flag that indicates whether or not a router function is provided.

The setting enabled/disabled judgment unit 227, upon receiving a TE PDN connection setting request, via the ENB device 31, makes the judgment of whether setting is possible of the requested TE PDN connection, based on a flag, stored by the subscriber information holding unit 225, that indicates whether or not the mobile terminal device 40 has a router function. If the value of the flag indicates that the router function is provided, the judgment is settable, but if it indicates that the router function is not provided, the judgment is not settable.

FIG. 5 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of the HSS device 24 in the present embodiment. The HSS device 24 has an MME connection interface unit 241, a control unit 242, a location information holding unit 243, and a subscriber information holding unit 244. The MME connection interface unit 241 is a communication interface unit for performing communication connection with the MME device 22. Each unit of the HSS device 24 performs communication with the MME device 22, via the MME connection interface unit 241.

The location information holding unit 243 holds location information of all the mobile terminal devices 40 that belong to the mobile communication system.

The subscriber information holding unit 244 holds subscription data for all mobile terminal devices 40 that belong to the mobile communication system 10. The control unit 242 controls the overall HSS device 24. The control unit 242 also, in response to a request from the MME device 22, provides and updates location information held by the location information holding unit 243 and the subscription data held by the subscriber information holding unit 244.

FIG. 6 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of the ENB device 31 in the present embodiment. The ENB device 31 has a wireless communication unit 311, a communication control unit 312, an S-GW connection interface unit 313, and an MME connection interface unit 314. The

wireless communication unit 311 is a communication interface unit for performing communication connection with the mobile terminal device 40. Each unit of the ENB device 31 performs communication with the mobile terminal device 40, via the wireless communication unit 311.

The communication control unit 312 controls communication in the ENB device 31. The S-GW connection interface unit 313 is a communication interface unit for performing communication connection with the S-GW device 23. Each unit of the ENB device 31 performs communication with the S-GW device 23, via the S-GW connection interface unit 313. The MME connection interface unit 314 is a communication interface unit for performing communication connection with the MME device 22. Each unit of the ENB device 31 performs communication with the MME device 22, via the MME connection interface unit 314.

FIG. 7 is a simplified block diagram that shows the constitution of the mobile terminal device 40. The mobile terminal device 40 has a connection request unit 401, an address block storage unit 404, a router function unit 405, an address allocation unit 406, a wireless communication unit 407, and a TE connection wireless communication unit 408. The connection request unit 401 has an attach request unit 402 and a TE connection request unit 403. The wireless communication unit 407 is a communication interface for performing a communication connection with the ENB device 31. Each unit of the mobile terminal device 40 performs wireless communication with the ENB device 31, via this wireless communication unit 407. The TE connection wireless communication unit 408 is a communication interface for performing a communication connection with the TE devices 41a and 41b. Each unit of the mobile terminal device 40 performs communication with the TE devices 41a and 41b, via this wireless communication unit 408.

The attach request unit 402 makes an attach request (UE PDN connection setting) to the core network 20, via the ENB device 31, and receives information that indicates the IP address (IPv4 address or IPv6 prefix) that is allocated to the UE PDN connection set by the request from the core network 20, via the ENB device 31. This request includes a flag that indicates that the mobile terminal device 40 has a router function (router function unit 405). The description of the subsequent communication that is performed between the mobile terminal device and the core network, via the ENB device 31, is omitted herein.

The TE connection request unit 403 makes a TE PDN connection setting request to the core network 20, via the ENB device 31, and receives information that indicates the IP address (IPv4 network address or IPv6 prefix) that is allocated to the TE PDN connection set by the request from the core network 20, via the ENB device 31.

The address block storage unit 404 stores information that indicates the address blocks received by the attach request unit 402 and the TE connection request unit 403 of the connection request unit 401. The address allocation unit 406 allocates an address that belongs to the address block indicated by the information received by the TE connection request unit 403 to the TE device 41a.

The router function unit 405, upon receiving the user data addressed to the address allocated to the TE devices 41a and 41b, transfers the received user data to the TE device to which the address is allocated.

FIG. 8 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of the TE device 41a in the present embodiment. Because the TE devices 41a and 41b have the same configuration, the description will be of the configuration of the representative TE device 41a. The TE device 41a has a con-

11

trol unit **411** and an MT connection wireless communication unit **412**. The control unit **411** controls the overall TE device **41a**. The MT connection wireless communication unit **412** is a communication interface unit for performing communication connection with a mobile terminal device **40** that has an MT function (modem function for making connection to the wireless access network **30**). The control unit **411** performs communication with the mobile terminal device **40**, via the MT connection wireless communication unit **412**.

The mobile terminal device **40**, by first performing attachment to the EPS, establishes its own PDN connection and default EPS bearer as a UE. FIG. **9** is a sequence diagram showing an example of the sequence of the mobile terminal device **40** attaching to the EPS. First, the attach request unit **402** of the mobile terminal device **40** transmits an attach request to the ENB device **31** (S901). This attach request includes therein subscriber identification information (IMSI: International Mobile Subscriber Identify) and user equipment function information (UE capability) that indicates the functions that the UE has. The user equipment function information includes an MR function capability (MR capability) flag that indicates the existence or non-existence of the MR (Mobile Router) function. In the case in which the mobile terminal device **40** functions as an MR (Mobile Router) and the MT of another plurality of TEs, the mobile terminal device **40** sends the attach request with this flag set to valid.

The ENB device **31** receives the above-noted attach request and transmits it to the MME device **22** (S902). The MME device **22** extracts the subscriber identification information included in the attach request and performs user authentication between the mobile terminal device **40** and the HSS device **24** (S903-1 to S903-3). If the user authentication succeeds, in order to acquire the service subscription status of the subscriber, the MME device **22** transmits to the HSS device **24** the location information update message that includes the subscriber identification information included in the attach request at sequence S902 (S904). Upon receiving the location information update message, the HSS device **24** transmits subscription data that indicates the specified contract information of the subscriber to the MME device **22** (S905).

The MME device **22** verifies from the acquired subscription data whether the subscriber has contracted for the NEMO service and, in the case in which, in spite of not being subscribed to the NEMO service, the MR function is requested, an attach refusal is transmitted to the mobile terminal device **40**, via the ENB device **31**, and the attach sequence is interrupted (attach failure). Further, if necessary, a notification is given to the user by the mobile terminal device **40** to the effect that there is no subscription to the NEMO service.

In the case in which, in spite of not being subscribed to the NEMO service the MR function is requested, rather than the MME device **22** sending the attach refusal and interrupting the attach sequence, the mobile terminal device PDN connection establishment processing noted below as steps S906 and thereafter may be continuously performed, and at least communication performed by the mobile terminal device **40** may be permitted, regardless of whether or not there is a subscription to the NEMO service. In this case, however, the MME device **22**, upon receiving the PDN connectivity request at step S1003 of FIG. **10** to be described later, at the stage of starting the TE PDN connection establishment protocol, based on either the subscription data acquired at the above-described step S905 or the subscription data acquired once again from the HSS device **24**, a judgment is made as to whether or not the user has contracted for the NEMO service and, if the judgment is that subscription has not been made to the NEMO service, a PDN connection refusal is returned in

12

the mobile terminal device **40**, and the TE PDN connection is not established, without transmitting the Bearer Setup Request of step S1004.

As a result of checking the subscription data acquired at sequence S905, if the subscriber has contracted for NEMO service, the MME device **22** transmits the subscription data ACK (Insert Subscriber Data Ack) to the HSS device **24** (S906). The HSS device **24** completes the updating of the location information of the mobile terminal device **40** in response to a location information update message at sequence **904**, and transmits a location information update ACK (Update Location Ack) to the MME device **22**.

Next, the MME device **22**, in order to establish a default EPS bearer between the S-GW device **23** and the PDN-GW device **21**, transmits a Bearer Setup Request to the S-GW device **23**. The Bearer Setup Request includes the subscriber's identification information, the IP address of the PDN-GW device **21**, the APN, the PDN connection ID1, the PDN type **1**, the PDN address **1**, and the EPS bearer ID1.

The APN (Access Point Name) uniquely defines the external PDN **50** to be connected, and the IP address of the PDN-GW device **21** and the APN are determined based on the subscription data acquired from the HSS device **24**, and with regard to the APN, the mobile terminal device **40** may be explicitly indicated by including it in the attach request transmitted at S901. The PDN connection ID is an identifier for the purpose of distinguishing among a plurality of PDN connections that are established to one and the same PDN-GW device **21** within one and the same PDN, at least within the PDN-GW device **21**. It is sufficient that the PDN connection ID distinguishes among a plurality of PDN connections that are established from the mobile terminal device **40** to one and the same PDN-GW device **21** within one and the same PDN, and rather than this being an independent information element, by making this a new identifier that is appended, for example, to the end of one APN, it may identify the individual PDN connections of a plurality of PDN connections established with a mobile terminal device **40** within a PSN-GW device **21**.

The PDN address indicates the IPv4 address or the IPv6 prefix, or both, allocated to the PDN connection that is established. In the case in which the address allocation is left up to the PDN-GW device **21**, the NULL address (address not specified) is stored, and in the case in which there is specification within the above-noted subscription data, that address may be used. The PDN type indicates the IP address type of the PDN address, and it is possible to specify an IPv4 address or an IPv6 prefix, or both. The EPS bearer ID is an identifier that distinguishes among a plurality of EPS bearers established by one mobile terminal device **40**.

The S-GW device **23** receives the Bearer Setup Request and starts the protocol to establish an EPS bearer with the PDN-GW device **23**. In the case in which GTP is used as the protocol to implement the EPS bearer, the S-GW device **23** transmits a Bearer Setup Request to the PDN-GW device **21** (S909). The Bearer Setup Request includes the subscriber's identification information, the S-GW device **23** IP address, the APN, the PDN connection ID1, the TEID1 for the S-GW, the PDN type **1**, the PDN address **1**, and the EPS bearer ID1.

In the case in which GRE is used as the protocol to implement the EPS bearer, the S-GW device **23** transmits a Proxy Binding Update message to the PDN-GW device **21** (S909). The Proxy Binding Update includes the mobile network access identifier (MN_NA1: Mobile Node Network Access Identifier) generated from the identification information, the APN, the PDN connection ID1, the downlink GRE key **1**, the PDN type **1**, and the PDN address **1**.

13

The PDN-GW device **21**, upon receiving the Bearer Setup Request or the Proxy Binding Update at sequence **S909**, sets the PDN connection **1** (**S910**). In the setting of the PDN connection, the PDN-GW device **21** first, in the case in which a specific ID address has not been set in the PDN address **1** received at sequence **S909**, allocates an IPv4 address **1**, an IPv6 prefix, or both to the PDN address **1**. This PDN address is then allocated to the PDN connection **1**. Additionally, a default EPS bearer that is associated with the PDN connection **1** is established, and a user packet addressed and transferred to this PDN address **1** is linked to the above-noted EPS bearer that has been established.

Then, the PDN-GW device **21** returns to the S-GW device **23** either a bearer setup response or a Proxy Binding Acknowledgment (**S911**). In the case in which GTP is used in sequence **S911**, the bearer setup response includes the TEID1 for the PDN-GW of the set PDN connection, the PDN type **1**, the PDN address **1**, and the EPS bearer ID1. In the case of using GRE, the Proxy Binding Acknowledgment is used and mobile network access identifier for the set PDN connection, the PDN connection ID1, the uplink GRE key **1**, the PDN type **1**, and the PDN address **1** are included within this message. Additionally, the PDN-GW device **21**, using the EPS bearer **1**, starts transmitting to the S-GW device **23** the user packet that was addresses to the PDN address **1** allocated to the PDN connection **1** set at sequence **S910** (**S912**).

The S-GW device **23**, upon receiving the Proxy Binding Acknowledgment or the bearer setup response at sequence **S911**, associates and records in a management table (PDN connection holding unit **231**) the PDN address **1** of these messages, the subscriber identification information, and the MME device **22**, and also transmits the Bearer Setup Response to the MME device **22** (**S913**). The bearer setup response includes the IP address of the S-GW device **23** of the set PDN connection **1**, the TEID1 for the S-GW, the PDN type **1**, the PDN address **1**, and the EPS bearer ID1. The S-GW device **23** begins buffering the user packet transferred from the PDN-GW device **21**.

The MME device **22** receives the bearer setup response, and transmits an Attach Accept to the ENB device **31** (**S914**). This Attach Accept includes the ID address of the S-GW device **23** that received by the Bearer Setup Request, the APN, the PDN connection **1**, the TEID1 for the S-GW, the PDN type **1**, the PDN address **1**, and the EPS bearer ID1. The ENB device **31** transmits to the mobile terminal device **40** the APN that received the Attach Accept as sequence **S914**, the PDN connection ID1, the PDN type **1**, the PDN address **1**, and the EPS bearer ID1 (**S915**).

The mobile terminal device **40**, upon receiving the Attach Accept, acquires the PDN type **1** and PDN address **1** included in the received Attach Accept, and also transmits to the ENB device **31** an Attach Complete that includes the EPS bearer ID1 included in the received Attach Accept (**S916**). Additionally, the mobile terminal device **40** transitions to a state in which user data can be transmitted and received. The ENB device **31**, upon receiving the Attach Complete, transmits to the MME device **22** an Attach Complete that includes the EPS bearer ID1 included in the received Attach Complete, the IP address of the ENB device **31**, and the TEID1 for the ENB (**S917**).

Thereafter, when the mobile terminal device **40** uses the PDN address acquired from the Attach Accept at sequence **S915** as the transmitting address of origin to transmit the user data addressed to the external PDN **50**, the user data is transferred by the bearer **1** within the established PDN connection

14

1 and, after transmission of the user data up to the PDN-GW device **21**, transmission is made to the external PDN **50** (**S918**).

The MME device **22**, upon receiving the Attach Complete at sequence **S917**, transmits to the S-GW device **23** a bearer update request that includes the IP address of the ENB device **31** included in this Attach Complete, the TEID1 for the ENB, and the EPS bearer ID1 (**S919**). The S-GW device **23**, upon receiving this bearer update request, acquires the IP address of the ENB device **31** included in the bearer update request, that is the IP address of the ENB device **31** to which the mobile terminal device **40** is connected, and returns to the MME device **22** the bearer update request that includes the IP address of the ENB device **31** that was included in the received bearer update request (**S920**). At this point, because the S-GW device **23** has acquired the IP address of the ENB device **31** to which the mobile terminal device **40** is connected, transmission to the ENB device **31**, including the buffered part directed at the mobile terminal device **40** that was transferred from the PDN-GW **21**, and the ENB device **31** transmits that user packet to the mobile terminal device **40** (**S921**). The above completes the attachment of the mobile terminal device **40** to the EPS.

Next, in order for the TE device **41a** and the TE device **41b** to perform communication with the external PDN **50**, connection is made to the mobile terminal device **40**. FIG. **10** is a sequence diagram that shows an example of the sequence of connection of the TE device **41a** and the TE device **41b** to the mobile terminal device **40**. The TE device **41a** places the wireless communication interface unit **412** into the active state, and starts the IP address allocation protocol. The IP address allocation protocol may be an IPv6 Stateless Auto Configuration (IETF RFC 4862) or a DHC Pv4 (IETF RFC 2462) or a DHCPv6 (IETF RFC 3315), and is further not limited to these. The description herein uses the example of using the IPv6 Stateless Auto Configuration.

In order to find the default router, the TE device **41a**, sends an RS (Router Solicitation) (**S1001**). The mobile terminal device **40** receives the RS from the TE device **41a** and if the mobile terminal device **40** itself has transitioned to the idle (IDLE) state within the EPS, it transitions to the active state in order to perform transmission and reception of communication data (**S1002**) (refer to TS 23.401, the 3GPP specifications). Then, in order to establish a new PDN connection **2** (TE PDN connection) for the TE device **41a**, the TE connection request unit **403** of the mobile terminal device **40** transmits a PDN Connectivity Request to the MME device **22** to the ENB device **31** (**S1003**).

The PDN Connectivity Request includes an APN and an MNP (Mobile Network Prefix) type (address block type). The APN used is what was acquired from the Attach Accept received from the ENB device **31** in the attach sequence shown in FIG. **9** and, similar to the case of sending the Attach Request at **S901**, the mobile terminal device **40** may be explicitly indicated. The MNP type is for specifying the address type of the network address (address block) allocated to the PDN connection that is established, and this is either an IPv4 type, which is an address block specified by an IPv4 (Internet Protocol Version 4) network address, or a IPv6 type, which is an address block specified by an IPv6 (Internet Protocol Version 6) prefix, or specified as both. However, this MNP type may be a new address type that extends the PDN type used in the attach sequence of FIG. **9**, and may be specified in combination with the PDN type.

The communication control unit **222** of the MME device **22** receives the PDN Connectivity Request and, in order to establish the PDN connection **2**, transmits a Bearer Setup

15

Request to the S-GW device **23** (S1004). However, in the case in which the attach processing is continued with the MR function at sequence S906 of FIG. 9 remaining disabled, a PDN Connectivity Refusal is returned to the mobile terminal device **40**, and the connection sequence is terminated.

The Bearer Setup Request includes, in addition to the APN and MNP type that are included in the PDN Connectivity Request at sequence S1003, the subscriber identification data, the IP address of the PDN-GW device **21**, the PDN connection ID2, the MNP1, and the EPS bearer ID2. The MNP (Mobile Network Prefix) indicates the IPv4 sub-network address or the IPv6 prefix allocated to the PDN connection to be established for the mobile terminal device **40**, or both. However, the same information elements as the PDN address may be used for this MNP.

In the case in which the IPv4 sub-network address or IPv6 prefix allocations are left up to the PDN-GW device **21**, the communication control unit **222** stores a NULL address (address not specified). However, in the case in which the mobile terminal device **40** that is the source of the request within the subscription data acquired from the HSS device **24** during the attach procedure of FIG. 9 and stored in the subscriber information holding unit **225** is associated with the information to be identified, and in which the MNP, which is information indicating an address block allocated to the TE PDN connection is specified, that value is stored in the MNP in this Bearer Setup Request (each of the IPv4 sub-network address **2** and the IPv6 prefix **2**).

The S-GW device **23** receives the Bearer Setup Request at sequence S1004, and begins the procedure for establishing a default EPS bearer for the TE device **41a** with the PDN-GW device **21**. In the case in which GTP is used as the protocol for implementing the EPS bearer, the S-GW device **23** transmits the Bearer Setup Request to the PDN-GW device **21** (S1005). This Bearer Setup Request includes the subscriber identification information, the IP address of the S-GW device **23**, the APN, the PDN connection ID2, the TEID2 for the S-GW, the MNP type, MNP1, and the EPS bearer ID2. This is different from the Bearer Setup Request at sequence S909 in FIG. 9 in that the MNP type **1** and the MNP1 are included in place of the PDN type **1** and the PDN address **1**.

In the case in which the GRE is used as the protocol for implementing the EPS bearer, the S-GW device **23** transmits a Proxy Binding Update message to the PDN-GW device **21**. The Proxy Binding Update message includes the mobile network access identifier generated from the subscriber identification information, the APN, the PDN connection ID1, the downlink GRE key, the MNP type **1**, and the MNP1. This Proxy Binding Update also differs from the Proxy Binding Update at sequence S909 of the sequence in FIG. 9 in that the MNP type **1** and the MNP1 are included in place of the PDN type **1** and the PDN address **1**.

The PDN connection setting unit **212** of the PDN-GW device **21** receives a Bearer Setup Request or a Proxy Binding Update at sequence S1005, and begins the setting of the PDN connection **2** (S1006). First, the PDN connection setting unit **212**, in the case in which a specific IPv4 sub-network address and a specific IPv6 prefix are not specified in the MNP1, allocates, from the address block pool held by the address block holding unit **211**, an address block of the type specified by the MNP1 of the Bearer Setup Request or the Proxy Binding Update, that is, an IPv4 sub-network address **2** or IPv6 prefix **2** or both to the MNP1. The PDN connection **2** is then allocated to the MNP1. Additionally, a default EPS bearer **2** that is associated with the PDN connection **2** is established. When this is done, the PDN connection setting unit **212** causes the PDN connection holding unit **214** to store

16

information indicating the address block allocated to the MNP1 and information regarding the PDN connection **2**.

By doing this, the user data transfer unit **215** joins user data addressed to the MNP1 from the external PDN **50** to the above-noted EPS bearer **2** that has been established. Addressing to the MNP1 indicates that the user data allocated to the address belonging to the address block of the MNP1.

Then, the PDN-GW device **21** returns to the S-GW device **23** either a bearer setup response or a Proxy Binding Acknowledgment (S1007). In the case in which GTP is used, the bearer setup response is used at this sequence S1007, and the bearer setup response includes the TEID2 for the PDN-GW, MNP1, and the EPS bearer ID2. In the case of using GRE, the Proxy Binding Acknowledgment is used, and the message includes therein the mobile network access identifier, the PDN connection ID2, the uplink GRE key **2**, the MNP type **1**, and MNP1. Additionally, the transfer of the user packet addressed to MNP1 from the external PDN **50** up to the S-GW device **23** is started (S1008).

The packet transfer process that the PDN-GW device **21** starts at sequence S1008 will now be described. FIG. 11 is a flowchart showing the packet transfer of the PDN-GW device **21**. First, the PDN-GW device **21**, upon receiving a packet from the external PDN **50** (Sa1), checks the addressee of the packet (Sa2). The PDN-GW device **21** judges whether or not the destination of the pack is MNP1 (refer to sequence S1004 in FIG. 10) (Sa3), and if this is the case (YES at Sa3), selects the default EPS bearer (bearer between the external PDN **50** and the TE device **41a**) corresponding to MNP1 (Sa4), after which it transitions to step Sa5.

At step Sa3, if the judgment is that there is no agreement (NO at Sa3), transition is made to step Sa6, and the PDN-GW device **21** judges whether the destination of the packet agrees with the PDN address **1** (refer to sequence S908 in FIG. 9) (Sa6) and, if the judgment is that there is agreement (YES at Sa4), after selecting the default EPS bearer (bearer between the external PDN **50** and the mobile terminal device **40**) of the PDN connection **1** corresponding to the PDN address **1**, transition is made to step Sa5.

At step Sa5, using the EPS bearer selected at the previous step (step Sa4 or Sa7), the packet received at step Sa1 is transferred to the S-GW device **23**, and the processing is terminated. If the judgment is made at step Sa6 that there is no agreement (NO at Sa6), the PDN-GW device **21** judges that the packet received at step Sa1 is not a packet destined for the currently managed mobile terminal device **40** or TE device **41a**, discards the packet (Sa8) and terminates processing. Although the example described here is that of one mobile terminal device **40** connected to the TE device **41a**, in the case in which a plurality of mobile terminal devices **40** or TE devices **41a** have connections established with the PDN-GW device **21**, the same type of processing is performed for these devices as well before discarding the packet.

Returning to FIG. 10, when the bearer setup response or Proxy Binding Acknowledgment of sequence S1007 is received, the S-GW device **23** associates MNP1, the subscriber identification information, and the MME device **22** and stores them in a management table (PDN connection holding unit **231**), and also transmits a bearer setup response to the MME device **22** (S1009). The bearer setup response includes the IP address of the S-GW device **23**, the TEID2 for the S-GW, the MNP type **1**, MNP1, and the EPS bearer ID2. The S-GW device **23** begins buffering the user packet addressed to MNP1 transferred from the PDN-GW device **21**.

The MME device **22** receives the bearer setup response, and transmits a PDN Connectivity Accept to the ENB device **31** (S1010). The PDN Connectivity Accept includes the IP

17

address of the S-GW device **23**, the APN, the PDN connection ID**2**, the TEID**2** for the S-GW, the MNP type **1**, MNP**1**, and the EPS bearer ID**2**. The ENB device **31** that receives the PDN Connectivity Accept transmits to the mobile terminal device **40** a PDN Connectivity Accept that includes the APN, the PDN connection ID**2**, the MNP type **1**, MNP**1**, and the EPS bearer ID**2** (S1011).

The mobile terminal device **40** receives the PDN Connectivity Accept, acquires the MNP type **1** and MNP**1**, and transmits to the ENB device **31** an RRC Connection Reconfiguration Complete that includes the EPS bearer ID**2** (S1012). The ENB device **31**, upon receiving the RRC Connection Reconfiguration Complete, transmits to the MME device **22** a bearer setup response that includes the IP address of the ENB device **31**, the TEID**2** for the ENB, and the EPS bearer ID**2** (S1013).

The MME device **22**, upon receiving the bearer setup response, transmits to the S-GW device **23** a Bearer Update Request that includes the IP address of the ENB device **31**, the TEID**2** for the ENB, and the EPS bearer ID**2** (S1014). Upon receiving the Bearer Update Request, the S-GW device **23** returns to the MME device **22** a Bearer Update Request that includes the EPS bearer ID**2** (S1015). Because the S-GW device **23** acquires the IP address of the ENB device **31** to which the TE device **41a** is connected from the Bearer Update Request of sequence S1014, the transfer to the ENB device **31** of the part of the user packet addressed to the TE device **41a** that has been transferred from the PDN-GW device **21** and buffered is also begun, and the ENB device **31** transfers that user packet to the mobile terminal device **40** (S1016).

The mobile terminal device **40** that transmitted the RRC Connection Reconfiguration Complete to the ENB device **31** at sequence S1012 uses the acquired MNP**1** to allocate an IP address to the TE device **41a**. Although in this description the IPv6 prefix **2** set into MNP**1** is set, it would be similar in the case in which the IPv4 sub-network address is set. Also, when both the IPv4 sub-network address and the IPv6 prefix **2** are set, one of the protocols supported by the TE device **41a** is selected and used.

First, the mobile terminal device **40** generates an RA (Router Advertisement) that sets the IPv6 prefix **2**, and transmits this to the TE device **41a** (S1017). The TE device **41a**, upon receiving the Router Advertisement, extracts the IPv6 prefix **2** from the Router Advertisement and automatically generates an IPv6 address. Also, DAD (Duplicate Address Detection) with respect to the generated address is performed with the mobile terminal device **40** to verify that the generated address is unique (S1018).

When the TE device **41a** verifies by duplicate address detection that the IPv6 address is unique, it becomes possible to transmit and receive user data via the MT connection wireless communication unit **412**. The user packet addressed to MNP**1** and transferred from the PDN-GW **21** is transferred up to the mobile terminal device **40** via the S-GW device **23** and the ENB device **31**, and the mobile terminal device **40** transfers it to the TE device **41a** via the TE connection wireless communication unit **408** (S1019).

When the mobile terminal device **40** receives the user packet from the TE device **41a**, the routing function of the mobile terminal device **40** routes the user data in accordance with the transmission destination address of the user data. In the case in which the transmission destination address is MNP**1** or the mobile terminal device **40** itself, the mobile terminal device **40** transfers it directly to the addressee. For any other transmission destination address, the user data is transferred to the EPS bearer within the established PDN

18

connection **2**, and is transferred up to the PDN-GW device **21** and transmitted to the external PDN **50** by the PDN-GW device **21** (S1020).

The MME device **22**, after receiving the Bearer Update Response of the sequence S1015, transfers the Location Information Update Request to the HSS device **24** (S1021). This Location Information Update Request includes information of the established PDN connection **2**, and includes the APN, the PDN connection ID**2**, the IP address of the PDN-GW device **21**, the MNP type **1**, and MNP**1**. The HSS device **24**, upon receiving this Location Information Update Request it stores this information into the subscriber's subscription data, so that when the mobile terminal device **40** re-attaches to the EPS and performs a PDN Connectivity Request, when the power is turned on or off, or the like, the same MNP**1** is allocated. The HSS device **24** also transmits the Location Information Update Request to the MME device **22** (S1022).

After the above, when a TE device **41a** is connected anew to the mobile terminal device **40** and transmits a Router Solicitation (S1023), the mobile terminal device **40**, without establishing a new PDN connection, performs allocation of an IP address, using the MNP**1** that had already been acquired for the TE device **41a**. That is, similar to the case of sequence S1017, the mobile terminal device **40** transmits to the TE device **41b** a Router Advertisement that sets the IPv6 prefix **2** (S1024). The TE device **41b**, upon receiving the Router Advertisement, executes the generation of an IP address and Duplicate Address Detection (S1025), similar to the TE device **41a**, and transmitting and receiving user data with the external PDN **50** becomes possible (S1026, S1027). The sequences S1023 to S1025 are applied to every TE from the second and subsequent units.

After the TE device **41a** connects to the mobile terminal device **40**, without waiting for the RRC Connection Reconfiguration Complete (sequence S1012) of the mobile terminal device **40**, in the case in which the TE device **41b** has connected to the mobile terminal device **40**, the mobile terminal device **40**, without performing a PDN Connectivity Request anew, waits for the PDN Connectivity Accept of sequence S1011, and transmits to the TE device **41b** the Router Advertisement that sets the MNP**1** for which notification was made by the PDN Connectivity Accept.

In the case in which DHCP is used as the method for allocating an IP address to the TE, the IPv4 sub-network address **2**, the IPv6 prefix, or both, which are acquired from MNP**1** at the sequence S1011 are recorded as the address pool in the DHCP server within the mobile terminal device **40**, and a DHCP Offer (IP address provision notification) that includes the allocated IP address is transmitted to the TE that has sent the DHCP Request (IP address allocation request notification).

In this manner, in the present embodiment, by a PDN Connectivity Request, the mobile terminal device **40** acquires one address block (one IPv6 prefix or one IPv4 sub-network address, or both), and shares it with a plurality of TEs that are connected to the mobile terminal device **40**. By doing this, regardless of the number of TEs that are connected, it is possible to simultaneously connect a plurality of TEs to the external PDN **50** by establishing only one PDN connection.

Because communication between TEs is solved by routing between TE and UE (mobile terminal device **40**), this can be implemented without using the resources of the core network **20** and the wireless access system **30**. Additionally, because it is possible to set a QoS or a charging rule in units of EPS bearers, it is possible to allocate a QoS class and charging rule separately to user data that is transmitted and received by the

19

mobile terminal device **40** itself via the external PDN **50**, and to user data that is transmitted and received with each TE via the external PDN **50**.

In this manner, the communication system of the present embodiment allocates one PDN connection and provides a connection to the external PDN **50** to a plurality of TEs (TE devices **41a** and **41b**) connected to the one mobile terminal device **40** that functions as both a UE and an MT. By doing this, it is possible to reduce the overall communication system administrative information, and to reduce the number of signaling messages.

Second Embodiment

The second embodiment of the present invention is described below, with references made to drawings. The mobile communication system **10a** in the present embodiment has a configuration similar to that of the mobile communication system **10** of the first embodiment, although it differs in that, in place of the mobile terminal device **40**, it is provided with a mobile terminal device **40a**. By doing this, in contrast to the first embodiment, in which, after completion of the establishment of the PDN connection **1** for the UE, a PDN connection for the TE is established, in the present embodiment the establishment of the PDN connection for the TE is done simultaneously with the EPS attach of the UE.

FIG. **12** is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of the mobile terminal device **40a** in the present embodiment. The mobile terminal device **40a** has a connection request unit **401a**, an address block storage unit **404**, a router function unit **405**, an address allocation unit **406**, a wireless communication unit **407**, and a TE connection wireless communication unit **408**. Elements in this drawing that correspond with elements in FIG. **7** are assigned the same reference numerals, and the description thereof is omitted. The connection request unit **401a** has an attach request unit **402a**. The attach request unit **402a**, when sending an Attach Request to the core network **20** via the ENB device **31**, includes a request for PDN connection setup. By this request, the attach request unit **402a** receives from the core network **20**, via the ENB device **31**, the IP address and information indicating the address block allocated to the PDN connection for the TE (IPv4 network address or IPv6 prefix).

FIG. **13** is a drawing showing an example of the sequence of attaching the mobile terminal device **40a** to the EPS in the present embodiment. Because from sequence **S1401** to **S1407** is the same as from sequence **S901** to **S907** in the first embodiment (FIG. **9**), the description thereof will be omitted. After completion of **S1407**, the MME device **22** transmits a Bearer Setup Request to the S-GW device **23** for the purpose of establishing a default EPS bearer (**S1408**). In order to simultaneously establish the PDN connection **1** for the UE and the PDN connection **2** for the TE, this Bearer Setup Request includes, in addition to the subscriber identification information and the IP address of the PDN-GW device **21**, the APN, the PDN connection ID**1**, the PDN type **1**, the PDN address **1**, and the EPS bearer ID**1** for establishing the PDN connection **1** for the UE, and the APN, the PDN connection ID**2**, the MNP type **1**, MNP, and EPS bearer ID**2** for establishing the PDN connection **2** for the TE. In the case in which the PDN connection ID is an identifier that is independent from the APN, one APN only may be included.

The S-GW device **23** receives the Bearer Setup Request, and starts the procedure for establishing the default EPS bearer with the PDN-GW device **21**. In the case in which GTP is used between the S-GW device **23** and the PDN-GW device **21**, the S-GW device **23** transmits a Bearer Setup Request to

20

the PDN-GW device **21** (**S1409**). This Bearer Setup Request includes the subscriber identification information, the IP address of the S-GW device **23**, the APN and PDN connection ID**1**, the TEID**1** for the S-GW, the PDN type **1**, the PDN address **1**, the EPS bearer ID**1**, the APN and PDN connection ID**2**, the TEID**2** for the S-GW, the MNP type **1**, MNP**1**, and the EPS bearer ID**2**.

In the case in which GRE is used between the S-GW device **23** and the PDN-GW device **21**, at the sequence **S1409**, the S-GW device **23** transmits to the PDN-GW device **21** a Proxy Binding Update message. The Proxy Binding Update message includes the mobile communication network access identifier, the APN and PDN connection ID**1**, the downlink GRE key **1**, the PDN type **1**, the PDN address **1**, and the EPS bearer ID**1**, and the APN and PDN connection ID**2**, the downlink GRE key **2**, the MNP type **1**, MNP**1**, and the EPS bearer ID**2**.

The PDN-GW device **21** receives the Bearer Setup Request or Proxy Binding Update of the sequence **S1409**, and starts the setup of the PDN connection **1** and the PDN connection **2** (**S1410** and **S1411**). The PDN connection **1** setup method of the sequence **S1410** is in accordance with **S910** of the first embodiment. The PDN connection **2** setup method of the sequence **S1411** is in accordance with **S1006** of the first embodiment.

When the setup of the PDN connection **1** and the setup of the PDN connection **2** are completed, the PDN-GW device **21** returns a Bearer Setup Response or a Proxy Binding Acknowledgment to the S-GW device **23** (**S1412**). In the case in which GTP is used, the Bearer Setup Response is used in the sequence **S1412**, and the Bearer Setup Response includes the TEID**1** for the PDN-GW, the PDN type **1**, the PDN address **1**, and the EPS bearer ID**1** for the PDN connection **1**, and the TEID**2** for the PDN-GW, the MNP type **1**, MNP**1**, and the EPS bearer ID**2** for the PDN connection **2**.

In the case in which GRE is used, the Proxy Binding Acknowledgment is used, and the Proxy Binding Acknowledgment includes the mobile network access identifier, the PDN connection ID**1**, the uplink GRE key **1**, the PDN type **1**, the PDN address **1**, the PDN connection ID**2**, the uplink GRE key **2**, the MNP type **1**, and MNP**1**.

Additionally, the PDN-GW device **21** begins transfer up to the S-GW device **23** of a user packet addressed to the PDN address **1** from the external PDN **50**, using the established EPS bearer **1**. Also, transfer up to the S-GW device **23** of the user packet addressed to MNP**1** from the external PDN **50** begins, using the established EPS bearer **2** (**S1413**).

When the Proxy Binding Acknowledgment or the Bearer Setup Response of the sequence **S1412** is received, the S-GW device **23** associates and records in a management table (PDN connection holding unit **231**) the PDN address **1**, MNP**1**, the subscriber identification information, and the MME device **22**, and also transmits the Bearer Setup Response to the MME device **22** (**S1414**). The Bearer Setup Response includes the IP address of the S-GW device **23**, the TEID**1** for the S-GW, the PDN type **1**, the PDN address **1**, and the EPS bearer ID**1** for PDN connection **1**, and the TEID**2** for the S-GW, the MNP type **1**, MNP**1** and the EPS bearer ID**2** for PDN connection **2**. The S-GW device **23** begins buffering the user packets transferred from the PDN-GW device **21** addressed to the PDN address **1** and addressed to MNP**1** (**S1413**).

The MME device **22** receives the Bearer Setup Response, and transmits an Attach Accept to the ENB device **31** (**S1415**). The Attach Accept includes the IP address of the S-GW device **23**, the APN, the PDN connection ID**1**, the TEID**1** for the S-GW, the PDN type **1**, the PDN address **1**, and the EPS bearer ID**1** for the PDN connection **1**, and the APN, the PDN

21

connection ID2, the TEID2 for the S-GW, the MNP type 1, MNPI, and the EPS bearer ID2 for the PDN connection 2.

The ENB device 31 transmits to the mobile terminal device 40a an Attach Accept that includes the APN, the PDN connection ID1, the PDN type 1, the PDN address 1, and the EPS bearer ID1 for the PDN connection 1, and the APN, the PDN connection ID2, the MNP type 1, MNPI, and the EPS bearer ID2 for the PDN connection 2 (S1416). The mobile terminal device 40a receives the Attach Accept, acquires the PDN type 1, the PDN address 1, the MNP type 1, and MNPI included therein, and transmits to the ENB device 31 an Attach Complete that includes the EPS bearer ID1 and the EPS bearer ID2 (S1417). The mobile terminal device 40a also transitions to the state in which user data can be transmitted and received.

The ENB device 31 receives the Attach Complete, and transmits to the MME device 22 an Attach Complete that includes the IP address of the ENB device 31, the TEID1 for the ENB, the EPS bearer ID1, the TEID2 for the ENB, and the EPS bearer ID2 (S1418).

At this point, when the mobile terminal device 40a transmits user data addressed to the external PDN 50, after the user data is transferred up to the PDN-GW device 21, using the EPS bearer 1 within the established PDN connection 1, it is sent to the external PDN 50 (S1419).

When the Attach Complete of the sequence S1418 is received, the MME device 22 transmits to the S-GW device 23 a Bearer Setup Request that includes the IP address of the ENB device 31, TEID1 for the ENB, the EPS bearer ID1, TEID2 for the ENB, and the EPS bearer ID2 (S1420). The S-GW device 23 returns to the MME device 22 a Bearer Update Response that includes the EPS bearer ID1 and the EPS bearer ID2 (S1421).

The S-GW device 23 that has received the Bearer Update Request of sequence S1420 acquires the IP address of the ENB device 31 to which the mobile terminal device 40a is connected from the Bearer Update Request, and begins to transfer to the ENB device 31 a user packet transferred from the PDN-GW device 21 to the mobile terminal device 40a and to the TE device 41a (addressed to MNPI) that had been buffered, and the ENB device 31 transmits that user packet to the mobile terminal device 40a (S1422).

The mobile terminal device 40a that transmitted the Attach Complete at sequence S1417 to the ENB device 31 begins the allocation (Router Advertise transmission) of the IP address to the TE device 41a, using the IPv4 sub-network address 2 and the IPv6 prefix 2 set into the MNPI of the Attach Accept in the sequence S1416 (S1423).

The MME device 22, after receiving the Bearer Update Request of sequence S1421, transmits a Location Information Update Request to the HSS device 24 (S1424). This Location Information Update Request includes information of the established PDN connection 1 and PDN connection 2, which includes the address of the PDN-GW device 21, the APN, the PDN connection ID1, the PDN type 1, and the PDN address 1 as PDN connection 1 information, and the APN, the PDN connection ID2, the MNP type 1, and MNPI as the PDN connection 2 information. The HSS device 24 stores this information into the subscriber's subscription data, and when the power to the mobile terminal device 40a is turned on or off, or the like, so that the mobile terminal device 40a attaches once again to the EPS, the same MNPI is allocated. The HSS device 24 also transmits a Location Information Update Acknowledgment (Update Location Ack) to the MME device 22 (S1425).

The above completes the simultaneous attach of the mobile terminal device 40a to the EPS and the establishment of the PDN connection 2 for the TE. Although in this example there

22

are two PDN connections that are established simultaneously, two is not a limitation, and the same type of method can be used to simultaneously three or more PDN connections.

In this manner, even at the stage at which the TE has not been started, by establishing a PDN connection for the TE simultaneously with the attach of the mobile terminal device 40a to the EPS, it is possible to combine the establishment of a plurality of PDN connections into a single signaling, thereby reducing the number of signaling messages in the overall system, and shortening the time required to establish all the PDN connections. Also, after the TE is started, it is possible to establish connectivity to the external PDN 50 immediately.

Third Embodiment

The third embodiment of the present invention is described below, with references made to drawings. The mobile communication system 10b in the present embodiment has a configuration similar to that of the mobile communication system 10 of the first embodiment, although it differs in that, in place of the PDN-GW device 21, it is provided with a PDN-GW device 21b, and that, in place of the mobile terminal device 40, it is provided with a mobile terminal device 40b. By doing this, in contrast to the first embodiment, in which a NAS signaling message set forth in the 3GPP standard is used to allocate an address block to the UE, in the present embodiment the DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) v6 Prefix Delegation (IETF RFC 3633) is used to allocate an address block to the UE.

FIG. 14 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of the PDN-GW device 21b in the present embodiment. The PDN-GW device 21b in the present embodiment, is the PDN-GW device 21 shown in FIG. 2 with the addition of a DHCP server unit 217. The DHCP server unit 217, upon receiving an address block request using the DHCP, allocates an address block to the PDN connection for the TE of the mobile terminal device 40b originating the request, and send this to the mobile terminal device 40b. In the case in which GRE is used as the tunneling protocol for implementing an EPS bearer between the S-GW device 23 and the PDN-GW device 21b, the S-GW device 23 has a DHCP relay function (not shown).

FIG. 15 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of the mobile terminal device 40b in the present embodiment. The mobile terminal device 40b in the present embodiment is the mobile terminal device 21 with the addition of a DHCP client unit 409. The DHCP client unit 409 uses a dynamic host setup protocol to request an address block from the PDN-GW device 21b, and receives from the PDN-GW device 21b information that indicates the address block allocated to the PDN connection for the TE by the request.

FIG. 16 is a sequence diagram showing an example of the connection sequence of the mobile terminal device 40b in the present embodiment. The sequence shown in FIG. 16 is a sequence that is started by the mobile terminal device 40b after the sequence S1012 of FIG. 10. The mobile terminal device 40b, after transmitting to the ENB device 31 an RRC Connection Reconfiguration Complete of sequence S1012, rather than using MNPI that is acquired at sequence S1011, starts the DHCP sequence indicated below for acquiring the address block anew.

The DHCP client 409 of the mobile terminal device 40b first, to find the DHCP server, transmits a DHCP Solicit message by a link-local broadcast transmission (S1101). In the case in which GRE is used between the S-GW device 23

23

and the PDN-GW device **21b**, because the S-GW device **23** functions as the default router of the mobile terminal device **40b**, the S-GW device **23** receives the DHCP Solicit message and transfers it to the PDN-GW device **21b**, using the DHCP relay function. In the case in which GTP is used, because the PDN-GW device **21b** functions as the default router, the DHCP Solicit message transmitted by the mobile terminal device **40b** reaches the PDN-GW device **21b** directly.

The DHCP server unit **217** provided in the PDN-GW device **21b** receives the DHCP Solicit message and transmits a DHCP Advertise message that stores the IP address of the DHCP server unit **217** (S1102). In the case in which GRE is used, in the same manner the DHCP relay function in the S-GW device **23** transfers the DHCP Advertise message to the mobile terminal device **40b**. When the DHCP client unit **409** of the mobile terminal device **40b** receives the DHCP Advertise message and acquires the IP address of the DHCP server unit **217** of the PDN-GW device **21b**, a DHCP Request message in which is stored the IPv6 prefix length (in this case 48) for which allocation is desired is transmitted to the DHCP server unit **217** of the PDN-GW device **21b** (S1103).

The DHCP server unit **217** of the PDN-GW device **21b** receives the DHCP Request message from the mobile terminal device **40b** and extracts the IPv6 prefix **3**, which corresponds to the requested prefix length (provisionally 2001:1000::/48) from the address pool stored by the address block holding unit **214** of the corresponding device and assigns it to the PDN connection **2**. Additionally, the MNPI that was assigned to the PDN connection **2** at sequence S1006 is released and returned to the address pool that is managed by the PDN-GW device **21b**, the new IPv6 prefix **3** is allocated to MNPI, and the setting is made so that a user packet directed at the IPv6 prefix **3** from the external PDN **50** is linked to the EPS bearer **2**, and transferred up to the S-GW device **23** (S1104).

Then, the DHCP server unit **217** of the PDN-GW device **21b** stores the IPv6 prefix **3** in the DHCP Reply message, and transmits it to the mobile terminal device **40b** (S1105). In the case in which GRE is used, because the S-GW device **23** receives the DHCP Reply message, similar to the case of the PDN-GW device **21b**, the MNPI that had been allocated to the PDN connection **2** is updated and the IPv6 prefix **3** is allocated, and the DHCP Reply message is transferred to the mobile terminal device **40b**.

The DHCP client unit **409** of the mobile terminal device **40b** acquires the DHCP Reply message and, using the allocated IPv6 prefix **3**, allocates an address to the mobile terminal device **40b**, similar to sequences S1017 and S1018 of the first embodiment (FIG. 10).

Although this description is for the example in which IPv6 is selected as the MNP type, the same would apply if the MNP type were to be IPv4.

In this manner, by acquiring the IPv6 prefix or the IPv4 sub-network prefix by DHCP, it is possible to freely set the prefix length, and to acquire the required number of address blocks by one procedure, further enabling the combination of all communication that uses an IP address generated from the address blocks into one PDN connection.

Fourth Embodiment

The fourth embodiment of the present invention is described below, with references made to drawings. The mobile communication system **10** in the present embodiment is a configuration similar to that of the mobile communication system **10** of the first embodiment, although it differs in that, in place of the PDW-GW device **21**, it is provided with a

24

PDN-GW device **21c**, and that, in place of the mobile terminal device **40**, it is provided with a mobile terminal device **40c**. By doing this, in contrast to the first embodiment, in which one IPv4 sub-network address or one IPv6 prefix or both are assigned to a plurality of TEs and the plurality of TEs share one PDN connection, in the present embodiment while an IPv6 prefix is shared by a plurality of TEs, different PDN connections are used for each TE.

FIG. 17 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of the PDN-GW device **21c**. The PDN-GW device **21c** has an address block holding unit **211**, a PDN connection setup unit **212c**, an S-GW connection interface unit **213**, a PDN connection holding unit **214**, a user data transfer unit **215**, and a PDN connection interface unit **216**. The descriptions of reference numerals in this drawing that are the same as in FIG. 2 (**211** and **213** to **216**) have been omitted. The PDN connection setup unit **212c** performs the same type of setup of the PDN connection for the UE as the PDN connection setup unit **212**. However, the PDN connection setup unit **212c**, upon receiving a request for the setup of a PDN connection for the TE from the mobile terminal device **40c**, associates an address belonging to the address block allocated to the PDN connection for the TE with information regarding the PDN connection for the TE, causes the PDN connection holding unit **214** to store these, and transmits the allocated address to the mobile terminal device **40c**.

FIG. 18 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of the mobile terminal device **40c**. The mobile terminal device **40c** has a connection request unit **401c**, an address block storage unit **404**, a router function unit **405**, an address allocation unit **406c**, a wireless communication unit **407**, and a TE connection wireless communication unit **408**. The connection request unit **401c** has an attach request unit **402** and a TE connection request unit **403c**. The descriptions of reference numerals in this drawing that are the same as in FIG. 7 (**402**, **404**, **405**, **407**, and **408**) have been omitted. The TE connection request unit **403c**, upon receiving a connection request from the TE devices **41a** and **41b**, request the core network **20** to setup a TE PDN connection, and receives as a response to the request information that indicates the address that was allocated to the PDN connection for the TE. The TE connection request unit **403c** causes the received address to be stored in the address block storage unit **404**. The address allocation unit **406c** allocates the address stored in the address block storage unit **404**, that is, the address received by the PDN connection request unit **403c** to the TE devices **41a** and **41b**.

FIG. 19 is a sequence diagram showing an example of the sequence of the connection for the TE devices **41a** and **41b** performing communication with an external PDN **50**. In this sequence example, the sequence starts from the condition in which the sequence shown in FIG. 9 of attachment of the mobile terminal device **40c** to the EPS in the first embodiment has already been completed. First, the TE device **41a** places the MT connection wireless communication unit **412** in the active state, the IP address is allocated and the protocol is started. This description is for the case in which IPv6 Stateless Auto Configuration is used as the IP address allocation protocol.

The TE device **41a**, in order to search for the default router, transmits a Router Solicit (S1201). The mobile terminal device **40c** receives the Router Solicit from the TE device **41a** and if the mobile terminal device **40c** itself has transitioned to the idle state within the EPS, transitions to the active state in order to transmit and receive communication data (S1202) (refer to TS 23.401, the 3GPP specifications). The lower-order 64 bits of the link-local address that was the origin of the

Router Solicit (automatically generated by the TE device 41a, using the MAC address of the MT connection wireless communication unit 412) is held as the interface ID1 of the TE device 41.

Then, in order to establish the PDN connection 2 anew for the TE device 41a, a PDN Connectivity Request is transmitted to the MME device 22 (S1203). This PDN Connectivity Request includes the APN, the MNP type 1, and the interface ID1 of the TE device 41 acquired as noted above. The MME device 22 receives the PDN Connectivity Request and, to establish a PDN connection anew, transmits a Bearer Setup Request to the S-GW device 23 (S1204).

The Bearer Setup Request includes, in addition to the APN and MNP type 1 included in the PDN Connectivity Request of sequence S1203, the subscriber identification information, the IP address of the PDN-GW device 21c, the PDN connection ID2, MNP1, the interface ID1, and the EPS bearer ID2. The MNP and the interface ID may not be independent data elements. For example, the upper-order 64 bits of one information element may be used as the upper-order 64 bits of the MNP, and the lower-order 64 bits may be used as the interface ID.

The S-GW device 23 receives the Bearer Setup Request and begins the procedure for establishing the default EPS bearer for the TE device 41a with the PDN-GW device 21c. In the case in which GTP is used as the protocol for implementing the EPS bearer, the S-GW device 23 transmits the Bearer Setup Request to the PDN-GW device 21c (S1205). The Bearer Setup Request includes the subscriber identification information, the IP address of the S-GW device 23, the APN, the PDN connection ID2, the TEID2 for the S-GW, the MNP type 1, MNP1, the interface ID1, and the EPS bearer ID2.

In the case in which GRE is used as the protocol for implementing the EPS bearer, the S-GW device 23 transmits a Proxy Binding Update message to the PDN-GW device 21c. The Proxy Binding Update message includes the mobile network access identifier, the APN, the PDN connection ID2, the downlink GRE key 2, the MNP type 1, MNP1, and the interface ID1.

The PDN-GW device 21c receives the Bearer Setup Request of the sequence S1205 and starts the setup of the PDN connection 2 (S1206). First, in the case in which a specific IPv4 sub-network address and a specific IPv6 prefix are not specified in the MNP1, the PDN-GW device 21c allocates the IPv6 prefix 2 to the MNP1, from the address block pool managed by the PDN-GW device 21c, according to the MNP type 1. Then, the upper-order 64 bits of MNP1 are allocated to the upper-order 64 bits, and a new IPv6 address 2 to which the interface ID is allocated is generated, and the IPv6 address 2, as the PDN address of the established PDN connection 2, is allocated to the lower-order 64 bits. Additionally a default EPS bearer that is associated with the PDN connection 2 is established, and a user packet addressed to the IPv6 address 2 from the PDN is linked to the above-noted EPS bearer 2.

Then, the PDN-GW device 21c returns a Bearer Setup Response or a Proxy Binding Acknowledgment to the S-GW device 23 (S1207). In the case in which GTP is used, the Bearer Setup Response is used in the sequence S1207. This Bearer Setup Response includes the TEID2 for the PDN-GW, the PDN type 2, the PDN address 2, and the EPS bearer ID2. For the PDN type 2, the IPv6 address 2 is stored in the PDN address 2 as the address type of the ID address allocated to the PDN connection 2. In the case in which GRE is used, the Proxy Binding Acknowledgment is used in the sequence S1207. This Proxy Binding Acknowledgment includes the

mobile network access identifier, the PDN connection ID2, the uplink GRE key 2, the PDN type 2, and the PDN address 2.

Additionally, the PDN-GW device 21c, using the EPS bearer 2, starts the transfer up to the S-GW device 23 of user packets from the external PDN 50 addressed to the IPv6 address (S1208).

Upon receiving the Bearer Setup Response or the Proxy Binding Acknowledgment of sequence S1207, the S-GW device 23 associates the PDN address 2, the subscriber identification information, and the MME device 22 and records these in a management table (PDN connection holding unit 231), and also transmits the Bearer Setup Response to the MME device 22 (S1209). The Bearer Setup Response includes the IP address of the S-GW device 23, the TEID2 for the S-GW, the PDN type 2, the PDN address 2, and the EPS bearer ID2. The S-GW device 23 also starts buffering of user packets transferred from the PDN-GW device 21c.

The MME device 22 receives the Bearer Setup Response and sends a PDN Connectivity Accept to the ENB device 31 (S1210). The PDN Connectivity Accept includes the address of the S-GW device 23, the APN, the PDN connection ID2, the TEID2 for the S-GW, the PDN type 2, the PDN address 2, and the EPS bearer ID2. The ENB device 31, upon receiving the PDN Connectivity Accept in the sequence S1210, transmits to the mobile terminal device 40c a PDN Connectivity Accept that includes the APN, the PDN connection ID2, the PDN type 2, the PDN address 2, and the EPS bearer ID2 (S1211).

The mobile terminal device 40c receives this PDN Connectivity Accept, acquires the PDN address 2, and also transmits to the ENB device 31 an RRC Connection Reconfiguration Complete that includes the EPS bearer ID2 (S1212). Because the subsequent sequences S1213, S1214, S1215, and S1216 are the same as the sequences S1013, S1014, S1015, and S1016 in the first embodiment, their descriptions have been omitted.

The mobile terminal device 40c that transmitted the RRC Connection Reconfiguration Complete at sequence S1212, extracts the IPv6 address 2 from the acquired PDN address 2, and transmits to the TE device 41a a Router Advertisement in which the 64 upper-order bits thereof are set as the IPv6 prefix (S1217). This Router Advertisement is a response to the Router Solicit of sequence S1201.

The TE device 41a receives the Router Advertisement and performs automatic generation of the IPv6 address, using the IPv6 prefix included in the Router Advertisement and the interface ID, and as a result the same address as the IPv6 address 2 is generated. Additionally, the TE device 41a executes DAD (Duplicate Address Detection) with the mobile terminal device 40c (S1218), and verifies that the generated IPv6 address is unique (S1218).

The TE device 41a, having verified by Duplicate Address Detection that the IPv6 address is unique, is able to transmit and receive user packets via the MT connection wireless communication unit 412. User packets addressed to the IPv6 address from the PDN-GW device 21c are transferred up to the mobile terminal device 40c via the S-GW device 23 and the ENB device 31, and the mobile terminal device 40c transfers them to the TE device 41a via the TE connection wireless communication unit 408 (S1219).

When the mobile terminal device 40c receives a user packet from the TE device 41a, the router function of the mobile terminal device 40c routes it in accordance with the transmission destination address of the user data. In the case in which the transmission destination address is MNP1 or the mobile terminal device 40c itself, the mobile terminal device

27

40c transfers it directly to the addressee. For any other transmission destination address, the user data is transferred to the EPS bearer 2 within the established PDN connection 2, the user data is transferred to the EPS bearer within the established PDN connection 2, and is transferred up to the PDN-GW device 21c and transmitted to the external PDN 50 by the PDN-GW device 21c (S1220).

The MME device 22, after receiving the Bearer Update Response of the sequence S1215, transfers the Location Information Update Request to the HSS device 24 (S1221). The Location Information Update Request includes information of the established PDN connection 2, and includes the APN, the PDN connection ID2, the IP address of the PDN-GW device 21c, the MNP type 1, and MNP1.

The HSS device 24, stores this information in the subscriber's subscription data so that when the mobile terminal device 40 re-attaches to the EPS (when, for example, the power is switched on/off) and performs a PDN Connectivity Request, the same PDN address prefix is allocated. The HSS device 24 also transmits the Location Information Update Request to the MME device 22 (S1222).

After the above, when a TE device 41b is connected to the mobile terminal device 40c, the sequences S1201 to S1222 are repeated, and a new PDN connection is established. However, the MME device 22 stores into MNP1 within the Bearer Setup Request transmitted to S-GW device 23 the IPv6 prefix already allocated to the TE device 41a, so that an IP address having the same IPv6 prefix is assigned to the TE device 41b as well. This process is applied to the all TEs subsequent to the second TE.

Although the present embodiment has been described for the example in which IPv6 is used, the same type of processing is done in the case of using IPv4. In the case of IPv4, however, the interface ID is not used, and at sequence S1206 the PDN-GW device 21c generates an IPv4 address for the TE from one IPv4 sub-network address, and allocates this as the PDN address 2.

In this manner, by the TE devices 41a and 41b and the like establishing PDN connections for each TE, and PDN-GW device 21c or mobile terminal device 40c making assignment to separate EPS bearers for each TE IP address, even for one and the same communication party, it is possible to allocate different QoS classes and charging rules for each TE individually.

Fifth Embodiment

In the first to fourth embodiments, the IPv6 prefix allocated to the plurality of TEs and the IPv6 prefix allocated to the mobile terminal device 40 are different. In the mobile communication system 10d of the fifth embodiment of the present invention, the configuration is similar to that of the mobile communication system 10c of the fourth embodiment, the only difference being that, in place of the MME device 22, an MME device 22d is provided. By doing this, in this embodiment the same prefix is shared among the mobile terminal device 40 and the plurality of TEs.

FIG. 20 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of the MME device 22d in the present embodiment. The MME device 22d has an HSS connection interface 221, a communication control unit 222d, an ENODEB connection interface 223, a location information holding unit 224, a subscriber information holding unit 225, and an S-GW connection interface 226. The communication control unit 222d has a setting enabled/disabled judgment unit 227. In this drawing, parts that are the same as in FIG. 4 are assigned the same reference numerals (221 and 223 to 227) and are not

28

described herein. The only difference is that the communication control unit 222d differs from the communication control unit 222 in FIG. 4. In the following, only those parts in the present embodiment of the sequence that differ from that shown in FIG. 19 are described.

In the present embodiment, the communication control unit 222d of the MME device 22d that has received a PDN Connectivity Request in sequence S1203 extracts from within the subscription data the IPv6 prefix 1 assigned to the mobile terminal device 40. The MME device 22d then stores that value in MNP1 and transmits a Bearer Setup Request to the S-GW device 23 (S1204).

By doing this, in the sequence S1206, the PDN-GW device 21c allocates the MNP1 specified by the Bearer Setup Request, that is, allocates the PDN address that uses the IPv6 prefix allocated to the mobile terminal device 40 to the PDN connection 2. As a result, the same IPv6 prefix is allocated to the TE device 41a as is allocated to the mobile terminal device 40. Thereafter, even if a different TE connects to the mobile terminal device 40, the same type of processing is repeated. Therefore, IPv6 address that different only in the lower-order 64 bits are assigned to the mobile terminal device 40 and to the TE that connects to the mobile terminal device 40, enabling effective use of the address space for IPv6 addresses.

Sixth Embodiment

The sixth embodiment of the present invention is described below, with references made to drawings. The mobile communication system 10e in this embodiment has a configuration that is similar to the mobile communication system 10 in the first embodiment, and the only different is that, in place of the mobile terminal device 40, a mobile terminal device 403 is provided. By doing this, in contrast to starting the sequence for establishing the PDC connectivity, in the present embodiment PDN connectivity is established simultaneously with transmitting a packet to the external PDN 50.

FIG. 21 is a simplified block diagram showing the configuration of the mobile terminal device 40e. The mobile terminal device 40e has a connection request unit 401e, an address block storage unit 404, a router function unit 405, an address allocation unit 406, a wireless communication unit 407, and a TE connection wireless communication unit 408. The connection request unit 401e has an attach request unit 402 and a TE connection request unit 403e. In this drawing, parts that are the same as in FIG. 7 are assigned the same reference numerals (402 and 404 to 408) and are not described herein. When the addressee of the user data received from the TE devices 41a and 41b is the external PDN 50, the TE connection request unit 403e makes a request of the core network 20 to setup a TE PDN connection, and receives from the core network 20 information indicating the address block allocated to the TE PDN connection setup by this request.

FIG. 22 is a drawing showing an example of the connection sequence for performing communication by the TE device 41a with the external PDN 50. This connection sequence example is the example of the sequence that starts from the condition in which the EPS attach sequence of the mobile terminal device 40 in the first embodiment shown in FIG. 9 has been completed. The mobile terminal device 40e stores in its own management information area beforehand the MNP1 for allocation to the TE. The method used may be that of storing a past setting, and alternatively can be the method of downloading from the core network 20 at the time of the EPS attach sequence of the mobile terminal device 40e.

First, the mobile terminal device 40e receives a Router Solicitation from the TE device 41a (S1301). The mobile

29

terminal device **40e** extracts the IPv6 prefix **2** from the MNP1 stored in the management information area and transmits the Router Advertisement that stores this to the TE device **41a** (S1302). The TE device **41a** generates an IPv6 address in accordance with the received Router Advertisement, and performs Duplicate Address Detection (DAD) of the generated IPv6 address with the mobile terminal device **40** (S1303).

For the case in which the mobile terminal device **40e** receives a Router Solicitation from the TE device **41b** as well, in the same manner, a Router Advertisement in which the IPv6 prefix **2** is stored is transmitted to the TE device **41b** (S1305) and address generation of the IPv6 address and the Duplicate Address Detection are performed based on the Router Advertisement received from the TE device **41b** (S1306).

When the TE device **41a** receives user data via the MT connection wireless communication unit **412** (S1307), the mobile terminal device **40e** receives that user data and verifies the transmission destination address of the user data. If the transmission destination address is MNP1 or the mobile terminal device **40e** itself, rather than establishing a new PDN connection, the user data is transmitted to the transmission destination node (S1308).

If the transmission destination address does not coincide with the above (S1309), the mobile terminal device **40e** judges that the user data is communication data directed to the external PDN **50**, and performs establishment of a new PDN connection. The establishment of this PDN connection is done by performing the same processing as sequences S1002 to S1015 in the first embodiment shown in FIG. 10. After the PDN connection is established, user data transferred to the TE device **41** from the PDN-GW device **21** is transferred up to the mobile terminal device **40e**, via the S-GW device **23** and the ENB device **31** (sequence S1016 in FIG. 10), and the mobile terminal device **40e** transfers this user data to the TE device **41a** (S1310). In contrast, user data that the TE device **41** transmits to the external PDN **50**, is transferred up to the PDN-GW device **21**, and the PDN-GW device **21** transmits it to the external PDN **50** (S1311).

The MME device **22**, after receiving a Bearer Update Response in sequence S1015, transmits a location information update request to the HSS device **24** (S1312). This Location Information Update Request includes the information of the established PDN connection **2**, the APN, the PDN connection ID2, address of the PDN-GW, the MNP type **1**, and MNP1. The HSS device **24** stores this information in the subscriber's subscription data, so that when the mobile terminal device **40e** again attaches to the EPS and makes a PDN Connectivity Request, such as when power to the mobile terminal device **40e** is switch on/off, the same MNP1 is allocated. The HSS device **24** also transmits the Location Information Update Request to the MME device **22** (S1313).

When the PDD Connectivity Request in sequence S1011 is received, if the MNP1 extracted by the mobile terminal device **40e** from the PDN Connectivity Accept for the TE does not coincide with the MNP1 held in the management information area by the mobile terminal device **40e**, the mobile terminal device **40e** transmits to the TE device **41a** and the TE device **41b** a Router Advertisement using the MNP1 acquired from the PDN Connectivity Accept. Additionally, the Router Advertisement using the MNP1 that was held in the management information area is transmitted with zero lifetime set, so as to prompt communication by only the IP address generated by the TE device **41a** and TE device **41b** from the MNP1.

In this manner, in the present embodiment, because a PDN connection is first established when communication to the

30

external PDN **50** occurs, as long as the TE and mobile terminal device **40e** are only communicating locally, it is not necessary to consume the resources of the core network **20** and the wireless access network **30**.

A program that implements the functions of the PDN connection setting unit **212**, and the user data transfer unit **215** in FIG. 2; the user data transfer unit **232** and the communication control unit **235** in FIG. 3; the communication control unit **222** in FIG. 4; the control unit **242** in FIG. 5 and the communication control unit **312** in FIG. 6; the connection request unit **401**, the router function unit **405**, and the address allocation unit **406** in FIG. 7 and the control unit **411** in FIG. 8; the connection request unit **401a**, the router function unit **405**, and the address allocation unit **406** in FIG. 12; the PDN connection setting unit **212**, the user data transfer unit **215**, and the DHCP server unit **217** in FIG. 14; the connection request unit **401**, the router function unit **405**, the address allocation unit **406**, and the DHCP client unit **409** in FIG. 15; the PDN connection setting unit **212c** and the user data transfer unit **215** in FIG. 17; the connection request unit **401c**, the router function unit **405**, and the address allocation unit **406** in FIG. 18, the communication control unit **222d** in FIG. 20; and the connection request unit **401e**, the router function unit **405**, and the address allocation unit **406** in FIG. 21 may be stored in a computer-readable storage medium and the program stored in the medium read into a computer system and executed thereby so as to execute the processing of the various elements. The term "computer system" as used herein encompasses an operating system and hardware such as peripheral devices.

If the "computer system" uses the WWW system, it encompasses a webpage providing (or display) environment.

The "computer-readable storage medium" refers to removable media such as a flexible disk, an optomagnetic disk, a ROM, or a CD-ROM, and also to storage devices such as a hard-disk that are built into the computer system. The "computer-readable storage medium" also includes the short-term, dynamic holding of a program, such as in the case of transmitting a program via a network such as the Internet or via a communication line such as a telephone line, in which case the program is held for a given period of time, such as in a volatile memory within a server and client that serve as the computer system. The above-noted program may be for the purpose of implementing a part of the above-described functions, and the above-described functions may be implemented in combination with a program that is already stored in the computer system.

Although embodiments of the present invention are described above with reference made to the drawings, the actual configuration is not restricted to these embodiments, and encompasses changes in design that are within the scope of the spirit of the present invention.

INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

The present invention is suitable for use in a mobile communication system but is not restricted to such use.

REFERENCE SYMBOLS

- 10**: Mobile communication system
- 20**: Core network
- 21, 21b, 21c**: PDN-GW device
- 22, 22d**: MME device
- 23**: S-GW device
- 24**: HSS device
- 30**: Wireless access network

31

31: ENB device
 40, 40a, 40b, 40c, 40e: Mobile terminal device
 41a, 41b: TE device
 50: External PDN
 211: Address block holding unit
 212, 212c: PDN connection setting unit
 213: S-GW connection interface unit
 214: PDN connection holding unit
 215: User data transfer unit
 216: PDN connection interface unit
 217: DHCP server unit
 221: HSS connection interface unit
 222, 222d: Communication control unit
 223: ENODEB connection interface unit
 224: Location information holding unit
 225: Subscriber information holding unit
 226: S-GW connection interface unit
 227: Setting enabled/disabled judgment unit
 231: PDN connection holding unit
 232: User data transfer unit
 233: ENODEB connection interface unit
 234: PDN-GW connection interface unit
 235: Communication control unit
 236: MME connection interface unit
 241: MME connection interface unit
 242: Control unit
 243: Location information holding unit
 244: Subscriber information holding unit
 311: Wireless communication unit
 312: Communication control unit
 313: S-GW connection interface unit
 314: MME connection interface unit
 401, 401a, 401c, 401e: Connection request unit
 402, 402a: Attach request unit
 403, 403c, 403e: TE connection request unit
 404: Address block storage unit
 405: Router function unit
 406, 406c: Address allocation unit
 407: Wireless communication unit
 408: TE connection wireless communication unit
 409: DHCP client unit
 411: Control unit
 412: MT connection wireless communication unit
 The invention claimed is:

1. A mobile terminal device in a mobile communication system comprising at least one information terminal device, the mobile terminal device, and an external gateway device, the mobile terminal device comprising: a request unit configured to perform a request for establishing only one Packet Data Network (PDN) connection which provides connectivity to a PDN associated with an access point name (APN), the PDN connection being used only for a communication between the external gateway device and a plurality of information terminal devices which includes said at least one information terminal device; a reception unit configured to receive the APN, an evolved packet system (EPS) bearer ID, and an address block, the address block being allocated by the external gateway device to the PDN connection established by the request unit, and the APN and the EPS bearer ID being allocated to the PDN connection; and an allocation unit configured to allocate an IP address generated from the address block to the at least one information terminal device, and transfer, based on the EPS bearer ID, user data as a router from the at least one information terminal device to the PDN associated with the APN via the PDN connection, wherein the mobile terminal device is connected to the at least one information terminal device.

32

2. The mobile terminal device according to claim 1, wherein in a case that establishment of the one PDN connection is requested, the mobile terminal device is configured to notify the external gateway device of an address type of the address block for allocating the address block to the PDN connection.

3. The mobile terminal device according to claim 2, wherein the address type is specified as an IPv4 type and an IPv6 type.

4. The mobile terminal device according to claim 1, wherein the address block to be acquired is an IPv6 prefix.

5. The mobile terminal device according to claim 4, wherein the IPv6 prefix is less than an upper-order 64 bits.

6. The mobile terminal device according to claim 1, wherein the mobile terminal device is configured to request, to the external gateway device, an IPv6 prefix to be allocated to the PDN connection by using a DHCPv6.

7. An external gateway device in a mobile communication system comprising at least one information terminal device, a mobile terminal device, and the external gateway device, the external gateway device comprising: an establishment unit configured to establish only one Packet Data Network (PDN) connection by a request, from the mobile terminal device, for establishing the PDN connection which provides connectivity to a PDN associated with an access point name (APN), the PDN connection being used only for a communication between the external gateway device and a plurality of information terminal devices which includes said at least one information terminal device, and the mobile terminal device being connected to the at least one information terminal device; an allocation unit configured to allocate an address block to the PDN connection, and notify the mobile terminal device of the address block; an establishment unit configured to establish a connection with the at least one information terminal device via the PDN connection; and a reception unit configured to receive user data transferred by the mobile terminal device from the at least one information terminal device via the PDN connection based on an evolved packet system (EPS) bearer ID transmitted to the mobile terminal device, the APN and the EPS bearer ID being allocated to the PDN connection.

8. The external gateway device according to claim 7, wherein the address block is an IPv6 prefix.

9. The external gateway device according to claim 8, wherein the IPv6 prefix is less than an upper-order 64 bits.

10. The external gateway device according to claim 7, wherein in a case that a request for allocating the IPv6 prefix to the PDN connection is received from the mobile terminal device by using a DHCPv6, the external gateway device is configured to allocate, to the mobile terminal device, the IPv6 prefix for the PDN connection, and notify the mobile terminal device of the IPv6 prefix.

11. A mobile communication system comprising: at least one information terminal device; a mobile terminal device connected to the at least one information terminal device; and an external gateway device, wherein the mobile terminal device is configured to perform a request for establishing only one Packet Data Network (PDN) connection which provides connectivity to a PDN associated with an access point name (APN), the PDN connection being used only for a communication between the external gateway device and a plurality of information terminal devices which includes said at least one information terminal device, the external gateway device is configured to allocate an address block to the PDN connection established by the request, and send the address block to the mobile terminal device, and the mobile terminal device is configured to: receive the APN, an evolved packet system

33

(EPS) bearer ID, and the address block, the APN and the EPS bearer ID being allocated to the PDN connection, allocate an IP address generated from the obtained address block to the information terminal device, and transfer, based on the EPS bearer ID, user data as a router from the at least one information terminal device to the PDN associated with the APN via the PDN connection.

12. A communication method executed by a mobile terminal device in a mobile communication system comprising at least one information terminal device, the mobile terminal device, and an external gateway device, the communication method comprising: requesting establishment of only one Packet Data Network (PDN) connection which provides connectivity to a PDN associated with an access point name (APN), the PDN connection being used only for a communication between the external gateway device and a plurality of information terminal devices which includes said at least one information terminal device, the mobile terminal device being connected to the at least one information terminal device; receiving the APN, an evolved packet system (EPS) bearer ID, and an address block, the address block being allocated by the external gateway device to the PDN connection established, and the APN and the EPS bearer ID being allocated to the PDN connection; and allocating an IP address generated from the address block to the information terminal device, and forwarding, based on the EPS bearer ID, user data as a router from the at least one information terminal device to the PDN associated with the APN via the PDN connection.

13. A communication method executed by an external gateway device in a mobile communication system comprising at least one information terminal device, a mobile terminal device, and the external gateway device, the communication method comprising: receiving from the mobile terminal device, a request for establishing only one Packet Data Network (PDN) connection which provides connectivity to a PDN associated with an access point name (APN), the PDN connection being used only for a communication between the

34

external gateway device and a plurality of information terminal devices which includes said at least one information terminal device, and the mobile terminal device being connected to the at least one information terminal device; allocating an address block to the PDN connection established, and sending the address block to the mobile terminal device; establishing connection with the at least one information terminal device via the PDN connection; and receiving user data transferred by the mobile terminal device from the at least one information terminal device via the PDN connection based on an evolved packet system (EPS) bearer ID transmitted to the mobile terminal device, the APN and the EPS bearer ID being allocated to the PDN connection.

14. A mobile terminal device in a mobile communication system comprising at least one information terminal device, the mobile terminal device, and an external gateway device, the mobile terminal device comprising: a request unit configured to perform a request for establishing only one Packet Data Network (PDN) connection which provides connectivity to a PDN associated with an access point name (APN), the PDN connection being used only for a communication between the external gateway device and a plurality of information terminal devices which includes said at least one information terminal device; a reception unit configured to receive the APN, an evolved packet system (EPS) bearer ID, and an address block, the address block being allocated by the external gateway device to the PDN connection established by the request unit, and the APN and the EPS bearer ID being allocated to the PDN connection; and an allocation unit configured to allocate an IPv6 prefix generated from the address block to the at least one information terminal device, and transfer, based on the EPS bearer ID, user data as a router from the at least one information terminal device to the PDN associated with the APN via the PDN connection, wherein the mobile terminal device is connected to the at least one information terminal device.

* * * * *